FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XXXVII.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1853. [NO. 1900.]

VALUABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE

HAVING determined to remove to Florida, I offer for sale my PLANTATION, situated 14 miles West of Fayetteville, immediately on the Road from Lumberton to Carthage or Rockingham.

The tract of land contains five hundred and sixty acres, three hundred and twenty acres of which is in a state of cultivation, with good fence and new ditches. The land is as fertile and as well adapted to the culture of Corn, Peas and Cotton as any in this section of country. The woodland is well timbered, and being immediately on Lumber River, offers inducements to Lumber, Tar and Timber getters.

The dwelling is a roomy and comfortable frame house, situated on an elevated spot in the middle of the cultivated land, with all necessary out-buildings, all newly repaired, with the best Well of water in the county that can be named in Robeson county. The purity of the water alone is a sure guarantee to health and happiness. Apply to me on the premises.

C. B. McNATT.

August 15, 1853. 1901

☞ There is also within two hundred yards of the dwelling an elegant Mill Site—dam already built and never failing stream.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Cumberland Superior Court of Law—Spring Term, 1853.

Catharine J. Campbell — Dougald Campbell. Petition for Divorce.

It appearing in this case, it is Ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer and the North Carolinian, two Newspapers printed in the town of Fayetteville, notifying the Defendant to appear, plead, answer, as commanded by the Subpœna, at the next Term of this Court, or the Petition will be heard ex parte and judgment rendered accordingly.

D. G. MACRAE, Clerk.

August 13, 1853. 25:6w

100 ACRES.

I AM determined to sell my Plantation, and if not previously sold, I will sell to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 4th of November next, my tract of well improved LAND, containing one hundred acres, situate two miles from Floral College, immediately on the road leading to Fayetteville.

The land is acknowledged to be the best land for cotton with of cotton or grain of any kind that can be raised in Robeson county, and nearly all in a high state of cultivation. My land yields annually from one to twelve heavy bales of Cotton and about three hundred bushels of Corn, besides as many Peas, Potatoes &c, as are wanted on a small farm—in half of two good Cotton Gins.

There is a comfortable log dwelling situated in a beautiful oak grove, with all necessary out buildings convenient, and on it a well of Well of water in the yard. Apply to me on the premises, or by letter directed to Floral College, N. C. Terms easy.

DANIEL KELLY.

Oct. 3, 1853. 36*4t

LEATHER BANDS.

THE subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting Bands with copper rivets. His Bands are stretched with powerful machines made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands catching and ripping, under the common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pully, and save from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern Bands, and will be sold as low as can be bought in New York.

CHAS. M. LINES.

Hunt's Store P. O., Guilford co., N. C.

Band Shop near Jesse Walker's Mill, Deep River.

☞ Bands for sale by W. H. Lutterloh, Fayetteville.

January 31, 1853. 64-1y

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of firm of

G. W. LAWRENCE & CO.,

for the purpose of carrying on a general MERCANTILE, DISTILLING TURPENTINE AND COOPERAGE BUSINESS.

MARY'S GARDEN, on the East side of Cape Fear River, seven miles above Fayetteville, on the Northern Plank Road, where we have on hand and expect to receive soon, a large and well-selected stock of GOODS, —a general assortment, which we offer for sale on reasonable terms as can be had in Fayetteville. All kinds of Country produce, *Tar, Turpentine and Rosin* will be taken in exchange for goods.

G. W. LAWRENCE.
T. R. UNDERWOOD.

Sept. 12, 1853. 25-3t

New Enterprise at the South.

THE Proprietors of the South Union Woollen Mills make the following proposition to Southern planters: Send your Wool to the above named Mills, in the condition in which it is sent to be made into rolls, spun, washed and oiled, and you can have it manufactured into good heavy Kerseys for 12½ cents per yard—the proprietors furnishing the warp. Having entered upon this enterprise, the proprietors are determined to succeed; and they know they will, if you will only give them your patronage. They make no factious appeal to sectional prejudice; they only say, try us. Manufacturers of the South. Wool carded into rolls at the above Mills with great despatch. A quantity of thick heavy Woollen Kerseys kept constantly on hand for sale. The above Mills are situated 64 miles North-East of Birmingham, Richmond Co., N. C.

STEELE & SHORTRIDGE.

June 4, 1853. 200*

OFF FOR TEXAS.

THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to remove to Texas, offers for sale 3000 acres of land lying in Robeson county, four miles west of Cape Fear River, where produce can be sent to market any season of the year; there is a part of the land boxed, and cannot be surpassed by any in the State for Turpentine also, there is fine mill timber as any to be found in the State.

There is now in operation on the above land a Steam Saw Mill, which cannot be surpassed by any perpendicular Saw for making an abundance of good lumber, and is offered for sale with the above land.

Any person wishing to purchase would do well to call soon, as there will be a bargain to be had. For information, address

Mrs. SARAH WRIGHT, Gray's Creek,
D. M. BUIE, Fayetteville.

Aug. 8, 1853. 17*3m

DRY GOODS, At Floral College.

WARN & LILLY are receiving a large stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods at the above place, embracing some of the finest, richest and most beautiful styles of the season, selected by one of the firm, an experienced buyer, and well acquainted with the place and neighborhood, thus enabling him the better to adapt his purchases to the market. The stock is entire now, and will not be surpassed by any of the neighboring towns as regards quality, style and price, and can be found much more attractive than is generally met with in a country store. An enumeration of the Goods would occupy too much space. It is only necessary to say that almost any article in their line may be found at their store.

L. LILLY,
Acting Partner.

Sept. 27, 1853. 32*tf

FOR RENT.

THE Steward's Hall at Floral College is for rent for one year, commencing on the 1st day of January, 1854. Sealed proposals will be received by the President or any member of the Board of Trustees, until the 15th of November next. To strangers, and those unacquainted with the situation, we are warranted in saying, that it is quite desirable, both as regards health and profit.

WM. McKAY,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.

Oct. 7, 1853. 34*tf15N

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 27, 1853.

THE FAIR.—We are disappointed this morning in finding that the Raleigh papers have not yet published a list of the premiums awarded at the late Fair.

We learn, in various ways, that besides the premiums mentioned in our last, the following were awarded:

Messrs. Pier & Branin, for their Buggy.
David Murphy, for Printing Paper.
Mrs. Deming, for Lamp Mat.
David Gee, for his hats.
All the above of this town. Also,—
J. J. Conoley of Wilmington, for Harness, (since sold for $125.)
H. T. Clawson of Franklinton, for his Phæton.
Bobbett & Minatree, of Warrenton, for their Carriage.
Y. & E. P. Jones of Yanceyville, for their Tobacco.
Mr. Joshua Lindley, of Guilford, for his Fruits.

Many articles were disposed of, either at private sale or at auction at the close of the Fair on Friday. We hear of 12 game chickens sold by N. W. Arrington of Nash, for $160. One pair sold at $30. And Mr. A. made a handsome present to the Society out of the proceeds. Messrs. Jones sold their premium tobacco at $60 per 100 lbs. The premium butter, from Warren county, was sold at 27 cents per lb.

The Society appointed a Committee, consisting of Messrs. Henry Elliot of Cumberland, H. K. Burgwin of Northampton, W. Whitaker of Wake, and J. F. Taylor of Raleigh, to attend the Maryland State Fair now in session at Baltimore, and prepare a report of its proceedings.

ANOTHER FAIR.—Buncombe county has had a Fair of its own, being too far off to go to the State Fair. We learn from the Spectator that most of the principal farmers of the county were present, and 867 were distributed in premiums, ranging from 50 cents to $5, for the best horses, mules, colts, jacks, cattle, sheep, hogs, leather, boots, butter, flax thread, quilt, beets, wheat, corn, &c. N. W. Woodfin, Esq. Senator from Buncombe, obtained several premiums,—for the best cow, best oxen, best crop of oats, (29½ bushels to the acre,) and best of all, for the best crop of corn, the particulars of which, as stated in the following article from the Spectator, will make our farmers open their eyes:—

Buncombe Ahead!—Clear the track for "Old Bunk!" N. W. Woodfin Esq., has raised on his "sweepstake acre" 149 bushels and three quarts of Indian corn. On another acre he has gathered 120 bushels and 7 quarts. Mr. Woodfin's overseer, has kindly furnished us his method of cultivation. We will state, however, first, that the soil was so poor that according to the opinion of gentlemen in whose judgment we have great confidence, the acre would not in its natural state have produced more than six bushels of corn. The mode of cultivation was as follows: The ground was subsoiled to the depth of fifteen inches, and then laid off into drills or furrows two feet and nine inches apart. We speak of the acre making the largest yield—the other's drills were three feet apart. The corn was planted at a distance of eight inches. He hauled upon the acre 60 wagon loads of stable manure and 120 loads of dirt taken from a ditch. The corn was ploughed three times, and not hoed at all. We consider this yield as hard to beat, and highly creditable to Mr. Erwin, considering the fact that he knew nothing of the cultivation of corn till within the last 4 years. We shall not be surprised if Mr. Woodfin takes the first premium in the "sweepstake" competition. Not a more deserving gentleman could be awarded the prize; for Mr. Woodfin is very much devoted to agriculture, and, without disparagement to others, we can say he has done more to promote the agricultural interests of *Western* Carolina at least, than any other man.

Mr. John Woodfin, another competitor, raised 109 bushels to an acre.—*Asheville Spectator.*

Gen. B. M. Edney had premiums for the best pair of harness horses, and for the best 5 year old *Jack*. Thomas T. Patton, a premium for an ear of corn 16 inches long. Seven ladies obtained premiums, for butter, quilts, &c.

Take it all in all, our ideas of the "State of Buncombe" are considerably elevated by reading the account of its productions.

"OFF WITH HIS HEAD!"—From the letter of Secretary Guthrie to Collector Bronson, it will be seen that the latter has been removed from his important office as Collector of the port of New York. And his removal has probably turned off the only man, among the thousands appointed to lucrative places by Gen. Pierce, who neither sought office nor was willing to hold it at the sacrifice of his own personal independence. His noble letter will fill a page in the history of the times as honorable to him as that which called it forth was foolish and disgraceful.

We presume that the anti-abolition party will be as much offended by this removal as the free-soilers will be gratified. Redfield, who takes Mr. Bronson's place, it is said belongs to the latter party. We shall see what is the effect in New York of so bold and bad a step.

MURDER.—We learn that a negro man belonging to Dr. John McKay was killed at a corn shucking in the upper end of this county a week or two ago, by a young man named Cutts, who made his escape. The negro was shot with a pistol, in consequence, it is said, of some previous altercation.

The mother of Cutts, who is esteemed in her neighborhood as a good woman, has been sorely afflicted. Her husband was drowned when in a state of intoxication. A son was killed in a rencontre; and now another son has committed murder and fled.

A NEW TOWN.—The sale of Lots at the point where the F. & W. Plank Road crosses the Central Rail Road, about two miles from Hunt's Store, in Guilford county, took place on the 21st inst., and was attended by a large crowd, who manifested great interest in the sale. 41 lots were sold, and the demand not near supplied.—Prices paid from $62 to $310.

DEATH OF THE "OLDEST INHABITANT."—A friend writes to us, that on the 15th ult., died, on the plantation of Edmund B. Richardson, in Bladen county, N. C., JUDY, a slave, aged *one hundred and ten years!* She was a faithful servant, and maintained a good moral character.—She was one of eight slaves who, nearly 60 years ago, were the first settlers on the plantation where she died, within one mile of the Cape Fear river. Of the other seven, one died over 90 years of age, another 93, and a third 81. Two are yet living, one 75 and the other over 60 years of age. Within five miles of the place where Judy died, lived William Pridgen, whose death, at the age of 122 years, we recorded some four or five years ago.

The North Carolinian defends the first letter of Secretary Guthrie to Mr. Bronson, *though it has taken care not to publish it!* One would suppose that the letter itself, *if right*, would be its own best defence.

"If Mr. Bronson (says the Carolinian) had appointed Whigs to office, who would have denied the right of Mr. Guthrie to interfere?"

As Mr. Bronson was responsible, in a bond of perhaps half a million of dollars, for the faithful administration of his office, he should have been allowed to select for his assistants persons known to him to be honest and capable. And such is the custom. Now if he could not find among his own party a sufficient number possessing these qualifications and willing to accept office, what then? Must Mr. Guthrie interfere to forbid the appointment of Whigs? So it would seem.

Mr. Venable's Address.—Old Father Abraham Venable, we all know, can out talk creation. He is a Niagara of words. "Talk" rushes from him as water from a spout. When in Congress he fatigued every body by the constant clatter of his tongue. No matter what subject was broached, you might expect, inside or outside of the Hall of Representatives, at least a brace of octavo volumes from the Patriarch.—*Wil. Herald.*

An amusing incident occurred during the delivery of Mr. Venable's Address. A sturdy, respectable looking individual, (we could not learn his name,) who appeared to have taken just one drop too much, was mounted upon a pile of boards, from which every minute or two he would shout, "Go on!" "Go on!"—being apparently so green as to suppose that the orator had any idea of stopping, where there was a fair field and no "hour rule." Finally, the admiring auditor changed his cry to "Go it Abram!" "Go it Abram!" And Abram did go it, "with a looseness."

MONTPELIER, Oct. 17.

Vermont Legislature.—Horatio Needham, free-soil democrat, was elected speaker to-day by a vote of 119 to 85 for Grandy, whig, and 2 for Bingham, democrat. Davey, dem., was unanimously elected Clerk.—*Tel. Des. to Wash. Union.*

Here has evidently been a coalition between the democrats and free-soilers to place one of the latter in the Speaker's chair. Such a coalition is a thorough disgrace to the democratic party of Vermont.—*North Carolinian.*

The "Democratic party" of Massachusetts and of New York has been similarly "disgraced." Indeed the coalition by which the Van Buren party of New York &c. assisted in electing Pierce was of the same nature.

DISGRACEFUL.—A few months ago, at a Democratic meeting in Tammany Hall, Augustus (Hard) Schell, Esq. the Chairman was assaulted and severely beaten by a gang of (soft) rowdies. One of the latter, Jno. S. Austin, was tried, convicted and sentenced to 90 days' in the penitentiary. His liberation, last week, was made the occasion of a great Administration jubilee; cannons were fired, the national flag hoisted, &c., &c.! The brother of this man, tried and convicted of the same offence, was one of the "short boy" delegates to the late Locofoco State Convention. And another of the convicts has been appointed to office under the Administration!

These are the men with whom the Southern Locofoco press associates. And for not appointing such rowdies to office, Judge Bronson is threatened with dismissal, by a Southern Cabinet officer!

THE MAILS.—There is a very stupid arrangement tolerated by the Post Office Department in defiance of repeated applications to have it corrected. It is that many of the Northern papers intended for this and other Southern Post Offices, are put into the bags for Richmond, Va., instead of the bags for Raleigh; and, as there is no time allowed in Richmond to distribute and forward these packets before the Southern cars leave, they are detained there from 12 to 24 hours. We learn that this is the reason why our New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore papers are so often from one to two days behind time in reaching here. On Monday last we received a New York paper of Saturday, which had come in the Raleigh bag, and on Tuesday the papers of Friday afternoon arrived. Complaints to the Postmaster at New York, and to the Postmaster General, have been of no avail to correct this evil.

Whilst about it we may as well mention that our New Orleans papers generally come by way of Raleigh,—some official at the South being ignorant of the fact that this place is between New Orleans and Raleigh.

Two men were killed, and another severely injured, by a rail road collision on Friday last near Lancaster, Penn.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.—Rev. Tiberius G. Jones of Norfolk has been elected President of Wake Forest College.

A HEAVY LOSS.—Jacob Little & Co. Wall street brokers, sold at auction last week $500,000 worth of stocks at a loss of $70,000, in order to meet engagements for money borrowed to be returned on call.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Heman J. Redfield, Collector of the district of New York, vice *Greene C. Bronson*, removed.

John J. Cisco, Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, vice *John A. Dix*, resigned.

John Romeyn Brodhead, Naval Officer for the district of New York, vice *H. J. Redfield.*

The above appointments, announced officially in the Union, settle the question which has been much mooted for several days past, namely, whether *Collector Bronson* would be removed from office. The announcement of the removal was accompanied in the Union with the following letter from the Secretary of the Treasury:

WASHINGTON, October 22, 1853.

SIR: I have received your letter of the 17th instant. It is not my purpose to respond to the many positions of that letter, because most of them bear their contradiction upon its face, and others are too unimportant to require refutation; and also because, while in several phases of it admitting your implied obligation as a man of honor to act in accordance with the known policy of the Administration, and, moreover, recognising the propriety and justice of that policy by declaring that you yourself deprecated and endeavored to prevent the divisions now existing in the Democratic party in your State, you nevertheless indulged in a tenor of remark, as to various relations of the subject, which not only impugns my motives, but indicates an attitude on your part wholly incompatible with the harmonious co-operation between us, and the proper conduct of the Government.

One suggestion appears in your letter which demands animadversion. You allege, by implication, that I have desired you to appoint Free-soilers to office, and in doing so you strangely misunderstand or misinterpret my letter of the 3d inst. I neither entertained nor expressed any such desire. It has been my pleasure and my duty not to inquire into the opinions which may have been held by yourself and others as far back as the year 1848, but to regard the claims to consideration of all who have acted with fidelity to the principles and organization of the Democratic party since the Convention at Baltimore in 1852, and those only. And, with these views, I must condemn your course when in this letter you inform me that you have selected Freesoilers for office without having given me the notice of the fact which would have enabled me to withhold my approbation from any such appointments. I will add that the imputation that I have required you to act with reference to controversies of a local or State character is wholly gratuitous. My letter was intended to guard you against distinctions between Democrats, founded upon local politics and local divisions.

The concluding portion of your letter has left me no alternative but to lay the whole matter before the President, and take his direction concerning it.

You assume that in relation to certain things you are to receive instructions from this Department, and in others that you are to proceed without or contrary to such instructions. This cannot be admitted in any branch of the public service; for where the department is not expressly empowered to give instructions to subordinates, it has the authority to do so, as inherent in the power to remove a refractory officer.

You also assume that you are to appoint the various persons employed in the custom-house—some, as you admit, subject to my approval, and others, as you seem to conceive, on your sole authority. I cannot but regard it as singular that a gentleman of your legal acquirements and experience should have fallen into such error. The Constitution of the United States has empowered Congress to confer the appointment of inferior officers "in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of Departments." Congress has not attempted, nor, if it had, could it have effected, any modification of this provision of the Constitution.

Those who are employed under you in the custom-house do, both by the Constitution and the laws, derive their appointment and their authority as public officers from the Secretary of the Treasury alone.

What the language and temper of your letter would have rendered embarrassing, these unwarrantable assumptions, marked as they are by a manifest spirit of insubordination, render impossible, namely, your continuance in the office of Collector of the district of New York. I am therefore directed by the President to say that your successor in the office will be promptly appointed.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
JAMES GUTHRIE.

GREENE C. BRONSON, Esq., New York.

Important Telegraph Case Decided.—The arbitration recently decided in Philadelphia between the paying stockholders of the Washington and New Orleans Telegraph Company and their patentees, has resulted in favor of the plaintiffs—the effect of which will be the cancelment of a considerable amount of stock, with the addition of funds, back dividends, &c. The effect on the stock, now paying good dividends, will be to enhance its value. The defendants in the case are satisfied with the award, and the company are united in their determination to exceed all past success.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Another account says, the decision is,

1st. That the stock issued to the amount of $41,750 to the patentees should be given up and cancelled; also all the dividends received on the same shall be returned to the Company, amounting in all to about $46,000.

2d. With regard to the construction and erection of the second wire, the referees awarded to the patentees one-half of the cost of the same, amounting to about $12,000.

The referees also exculpated the patentees from all actual fraud.

The Crystal Palace is doing a good business as it draws near its close, though it can never make enough to pay. Strangers are crowding into the city faster than ever to see it, and the hotels continue to overflow with guests. The places of amusement do not hold near enough, and hundreds are turned away from all every night.

THE NORTH-WEST PASSAGE.—At last, after the sacrifice of many lives, Commander McClure, of the British Navy, has effected a passage from the Pacific, through the Arctic, to the Atlantic Ocean. Com. McClure has been on this service since 1848, having made an unsuccessful attempt during that year. His search for Sir John Franklin has proved fruitless.

After all, of what use is the knowledge that the passage can be made?

A homicide was committed at Goldsboro', on last Saturday week. A man whose name we have forgotten, was killed by Arthur Sasser, who is now in prison awaiting trial. So far as we could hear, it is a very bad case.—*Wil. Journ.*

A Ship Larger than the Largest.—The Newburyport Herald, referring to the launch of the *Great Republic*, says: "Mr. McKay, we hear, will immediately commence the construction of a ship larger than this, which he is to build by contract. The theory has been started of building a ship so large that she will pass through the ocean with comparatively little motion, ploughing directly through the waves, without rising upon them, and so high above them that the rolling of the highest waves will always be below the decks. It is a daring thought, but, in view of what has been accomplished already, who will venture to denounce it as absurd? There are those bold enough to predict that a ship will yet be built that will pass through the stormy waves on the ocean with as stately a progress as a vessel of a hundred tons through a river in the same gale. If any one is to realize the fruition of this dream, it is, we doubt not, Mr. McKay, if his life is spared five years longer."

Durability of Wood.—The piles under the London Bridge have been driven five hundred years, and on examining them in 1846 they were found to be little decayed. Old Savoy Place, in the city of London, was built six hundred and fifty years ago, and the wooden piles, consisting of oak, elm, beach, and chestnut, were found, upon recent examination, to be perfectly sound. Of the durability of timber in a wet state the piles of a bridge built by the Emperor Trajan, over the Danube, afford a striking example. One of these piles was taken up and found to be petrified to the depth of three-fourths of an inch; but the rest of the wood was not different from its former state, though it had been driven 1600 years.

Politically Damned.—Mr. Vicker, Yankee Mack, "Comedian to the born Republicans," related the following good story to us during his stay in this city. It will serve to give some idea of the "principal ingredients" of success in political life away down south. It will be remembered by many persons about this neighborhood that McG., an Alabama marshal, arrived at Cleaveland about two years ago, in search of a fugitive from justice. He put up at the Weddel House, and, during his stay there, he had a "difficulty" with a "person" who roomed with him one evening, in which McG. shot *three times* at his antagonist, only slightly wounding him the third time. He was immediately arrested and put in jail; and on the morning after the arrest, the following scene took place in the prison: A friend of the marshal entered the cell, and found him seated, his head resting on his hands, and looking like one who had entirely given up in despair.

"Come, Mac," said the friend, "cheer up; the man is but slightly wounded, and the matter will not be prosecuted."

"Ruined! ruined!! ruined!!!" groaned the marshal, without even changing his position.

"Ruined! bah!" returned his friend, "don't be a child; I tell you the wound is but slight; besides, it is an *aggravated* case, and, had you killled him, you would not have been ruined."

"I know it," said the marshal, suddenly starting up; "but *three times!* only think of it—to shoot *three times* at a man, and not kill him! I am *politically damned in Alabama!*"

Detroit Times.

DIED,

On Tuesday night last, at her residence in the vicinity of this town, Mrs. SYLVIA POTTER, wife of the Hon. Henry Potter, Judge of the District Court of the United States for North Carolina. The deceased was an aged and devout member of the Presbyterian church. For more than forty years had she adorned a christian profession by a consistent walk. As she glorified her Saviour in life, she enjoyed the comforting sense of his presence on the bed of death. It is the consolation of sorrowing friends to believe that in her case, a peaceful end has terminated a life of trials of more than ordinary weight, and that the realization of the christian's reward and rest has succeeded a career of more than ordinary usefulness. Age had not impaired her faculties, and when the summons came, in full understanding of its import, she willingly surrendered her spirit into the arms of her Redeemer.—Com.

In this county, on the 11th inst., at the residence of Mr. Gilbert Shaw, Mrs. MARY RAY, a native of the island of Islay, Scotland, aged 92 years and 5 months.

On the 15th of August last, ANN, daughter of Duncan and Mary Johnson, aged 1 year and 5 days. Also, at the residence of his son Duncan Johnson, on the 9th Oct., Mr. NEILL JOHNSON, aged 86 years. The deceased was a native of Argyleshire, Scotland, but for the last 50 years a highly respectable and enterprising citizen of Richmond county, N. C. Also, on the 14th Oct., Mrs. MARY JOHNSON, wife of Duncan Johnson, aged 31 years. The deceased was for a number of years previous to her death a professed believer in the religion of Christ. She leaves a disconsolate husband, several small children, and a large connexion of friends to lament her untimely end; "but they mourn not as those who have no hope." "Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth; yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors; and their works do follow them."—Com.

☞ Carolinian copy.

On the 6th of Oct., in the 29th year of her age, near Pekin, in Montgomery county, N. C., Mrs. JANE GADD, consort of Pinckney Gadd, and daughter of Hector McKenzie. Mrs. Gadd has left three small children and numerous friends and relations to mourn their irreparable loss, but we trust their loss is her eternal gain.—Com.

On the 5th inst., near Galveston, Texas, Mrs. MARY MOSES, wife of Dr. Moses, and eldest daughter of the late Col. Samuel Ashe of N. C.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale 1850 acres of LAND in Montgomery county, N. C., lying on Pee Dee River, within half a mile of Swift Island, where there are two Merchant Mills and Cotton Factory, and which is to be the terminus of the Fayetteville and Centre Plank Road. This land produces Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Oats, &c. A large portion is of the best quality of River low grounds. On the premises there are a good Dwelling House, Cotton Gin, Barn, and all other necessary out-houses. Any one who may purchase the above named land may also buy at private sale 10 or 12 likely NEGROES, a good stock of Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, &c., together with a large quantity of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Fodder and Hay, a set of Blacksmith Tools, and a full supply of Farming Tools. Give us an early call or you may lose a bargain.

A. H. RICHARDSON.
ELIZER TILLMAN.

Swift Island P. O., Oct. 8, 1853. 36*3t

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Oct 25.—Str Southerner, (Frank & Jerry Line) with boats North State and Gov Morehead in tow, with freight for J M Jessup, C T Haigh & Son, Rockfish Co, A Smith, W R Valentine, J M Beasley, F & H Fries, F Miller, Cook & Johnson, Benbow, Kyle & Co, Beaver Creek Manf Co, D C McIntyre, C N McAdoo, Cedar Falls Co, R T Long, P M Harman, Elkin Manf Co, M Greentree & Co, Starr & Williams, W Taylor, Hall & Bollinger, W Draughon, W H Smith, W J Parker, G W Jackson, J Johnson, C G Yates, W Prior, A S Pitts, A A McKethan, R D Golding, Steel & Shortridge, T C Black, J Hargrave, R Green, Rankin & McLean, Deep River Mining & Smelting Co, W S Gilmer, Hester & Stockton, H H Beard, W B Jordan, G W Williams & co, A J O'Hanlon, B Rose, J H & J Martine, J H Hall, J & T Waddill, A W Steel, D & W McLaurin.

Str Gov Graham, (Cape Fear Co.) with boat Algernon in tow, with freight for A A McKethan, Shelly & Field, J B Alford, G Womack, G H Lee, T C Leak, C A McAdoo, C A Harrison, R T Long, H H Beard, J Sloan, Mrs E Walton, H L Myrover & co, Prather & Smith, Cedar Falls co, Lash & Bro, R D Golding, W A Lash, Jenkins, Roberts & co, Miss L Chipman, E Belo, J Cowles, J M Worth, T J Patrick, G S Hubbard, King & Hege, J G Cairns, A H Whitfield, E B Wilder, M Boger, Martin & Carter, Worth & Burgess, Andrews & Ingram, J W Brower, A S Pitts, E H & C L Banner, J Hiatt, W M Moore, N B Dozier, Dillon & Johnson, G W Williams & co, M L Holmes, C W Andrews, Gold Hill Manf co, Lash & Moore, E B Rice, C G Yates, J W Thomas, Murchison, Reid & co, D Beard.

Oct 24.—Str Rowan, (Lutterloh's Line,) with tow boats, and goods for W H Lutterloh, B Rose, H L Myrover, F Shenton, Hall & Bollinger, T S Lutterloh.

Oct 26.—Str Brothers, (Banks's Line,) with goods for W McIntyre, G W Brown, R Mitchell, R T Long, A A McKethan, G W Williams & Co, S J Hinsdale, E J Hale & Son, W Weatherly, Hester & Stockton, W B Jordan, J R & J Sloan, J N Smith, W H Carver, J W Thomas, A Weatherly, H H Beard.

Oct. 26.—Str Fanny Lutterloh, (Lutterloh's Line,) with goods for Union Manf Co, H & E J Lilly, J T C N Cain, J G Cook, A J O'Hanlon, R W Kinlaw, J Dodd, C B Mallett, H Erambert, T J Johnson, C W Andrews, W N Tillinghast, Stedman & Horne, E L & J A Pemberton, S W Tillinghast & Co, P P Johnson.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

Oct 22.—Brigs Tangier, and Kate Heath fm Boston, Globe fm San Juan de Nicaragua, Delmont Locke from Searsport, Me, President Z Taylor fm Belfast, Maine; Schrs J Cooley & Co, Glenview, and Melville fm Boston, Mary & Louisa, E L B Wales, Mary D Scull, John H Holmes, Leesburg, Isabella Thompson, Ephraim & Anna, and Racer from Charleston, C H Rodgers from Pensacola. 23.—Schrs Aleyona fm Savannah, J Vail fm River Gambia, Africa, Cherokee fm Philad, Three Sons fm Charleston. 24. Brig Cardiff fm Havana to Bristol, R I; Schr Energy fm Charleston.

CLINTON FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THIS Institution will commence its second Session on the second Monday in July next. Every branch of female education is taught in the Institute, and the present number of Scholars warrants the belief that no School in our country furnishes greater facilities for imparting knowledge.

The expenses per annum will not exceed $124 for the most advanced literary course, and with the usual number of extras the necessary expenses per year will not exceed $170.

Board per month in the Institute $9; good Board may be had in the private families of the village much cheaper.

Tuition for all English branches, per Session of 21 weeks, primary course $10; all branches in the 1st and 2d Classes $12; Junior and Senior Classes $15.

For particulars the public is referred to our Circulars, which can be had by addressing the Secretary or the Principal.

H. A. BIZZELL, Sec'y
of Board of Trustees.

Clinton, May 26, 1853. 98*tf

ATTENTION, CAVALRY.

THE Affordsville Cavalry are ordered to parade in Lumberton, on the first Saturday in November next, at 10 o'clock, armed and equipped according to law. All those having arms are requested to present them for inspection.

JOHN W. ALFORD, Captain.

Lumberton, Sept. 26, 1853. 32*3m

1200 Acres of LAND for sale.

THE subscriber offers twelve hundred acres of Land for sale. The Land is well adapted to the culture of Corn, Cotton, Wheat, and it also offers great inducements to those disposed to embark in the Turpentine and Lumber business, as it is well timbered and a large proportion of it is woodland. It is located in the lower end of Richmond county, about equidistant from Red Hill and Floral College, not more from either. Laurinburgh Depot

I have constituted Alexander McKeithan, Esq. my agent during my absence, to whom all communications on the matter may be addressed at Gillispoli P. O., Floral College. Luther Blue, who resides near the premises, will take pleasure in exhibiting them to any one who may be disposed to examine them.

Oct. 14, 1853.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

WISHING to remove to his place in Randolph, the subscriber offers for sale the one he now occupies in Moore. It is about 12 miles above Carthage, near the F. & W. Plank Road, and about 2 miles from Deep River, situated on Bulla Creek, noted for its fertile soil, and is well divided between low ground, meadow land, and upland. It is well watered, and contains about 335 acres, more or less. About as much more of a similar quality adjoining, for sale.

Persons wishing to purchase are invited to an examination.

MARK RUSSELL.

Carthage, Oct. 12, 1853. 36*3t

Carolinian three times.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, 1853.

POPE & PITMAN,

Lumberton, N. C.

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and the public that they are receiving

New Goods for the Fall Trade!

And have constantly on hand, the largest stock of Goods ever opened in this Town, all of which will be sold at the *lowest possible prices!*

The Ladies are invited to examine their stock of Fancy DRESS GOODS, French Worked Capes, Collars and Cuffs, Shawls, Mantillas, Laces, Gloves, Hosiery, Ready-Made Clothing, Dress Caps, Ribbons, Boots, Shoes, &c., &c.

All of the newest styles and best quality.

POPE & PITMAN.

Lumberton, N. C., Oct. 1853. 34*tf

WANTED,

ONE HUNDRED LABORERS, white or black, to work on the Alabama and Mississippi River Rail Road. Owners of Negro fellows will find it to their interest to hire to us. We will hire for one to five years. Liberal prices will be paid, and payments quarterly if desired. The country is high and very healthy.

For further particulars, inquire of Col. Thomas Waddill, Fayetteville, or address

W. WADDILL, Jr. & CO.,
Selma, Ala.

August 22, 1853. 27-6m

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE Building of an Academy at Spring Hill, between Fair Bluff and Leesville, in Robeson county, will be let to the lowest bidder, on the premises, on the 24 Saturday in November next.

J. C. LEE,
H. FAULK,
GILES WILLIAMS.

Oct. 18, 1853. 37-2tpd

THE REMOVAL OF BRONSON

Sentiment of the Press of New York.

The Courier and Enquirer says,—

"Mr. Guthrie is an unskilful headsman; his awkward brutal hacking disgusts everybody. To arraign and condemn Collector Bronson for the causes stated in his first dispatch, violated all idea of right; to put him out of official existence in the style just exhibited, offends every sense of decency. The Secretary apparently knows as little of official dignity as he does of official duty. He seems bent upon producing a new epoch in public life by substituting the most sordid motives for honorable principles of action; and angry and coarse language for the calm, guarded and strictly courteous phraseology which has heretofore marked our official intercourse. He is endeavoring to put his subordinates upon the footing of Swiss hirelings, and adapts his style of speech accordingly. Mr. Bronson has been superseded by an old Free Soiler, and of the ten principal Federal officers of this city and port, no less than eight have acted with the Free Soil party—certainly a pretty palpable distinction, considering the great majority which national democrats have always had in the party of this city. Similar favor towards this class of politicians has been shown throughout our State and generally through New England."

The National Democrat, appearing to doubt the news, said:

"If the President yields to the Cabinet in this matter, then we shall have to confess that the Democratic party has been cheated in the man it has placed at the head of the nation, and we shall not hesitate to do our part to redeem the party and the country from the worst consequences of such a failure. When the Executive proves either weak or false, resort must be had to the Legislative branch of the Government. But we do not yet credit these rumors, so adverse to the honor and sagacity of the President. The removal of Judge Bronson for the cause alleged would prove the inevitable destruction of the Administration. It would be certain to throw both branches of Congress against it, and public opinion would denounce it as no Administration has been denounced since the formation of the Republic. The merchants of New York, irrespective of party, would hold such an indignation meeting as the Empire City has never witnessed. If the Collector of this port is to be a mere political tool of the Federal Government, the mercantile interests of the country are in perpetual danger of being deranged and depraved to the worst purposes of party abomination. We repeat that we have yet to be convinced that President Pierce will allow himself to be made a tool of such a corrupt policy."

Subsequently, when Mr. Bronson's removal was placed beyond a doubt, the National Democrat shows conclusively that under the Constitution and laws it is an act of usurpation for the Head of the Treasury to undertake to regulate all the subordinates in the office of a Custom House. the act of March 3d, 1815, section 3d, directs

"That every *Collector* of the customs SHALL HAVE AUTHORITY, with the approbation of the principal officer of the Treasury Department, TO EMPLOY WITHIN HIS DISTRICT such number of proper PERSONS as inspectors of the customs as he shall judge necessary, who are hereby declared to be *officers* of the customs."

The act of March 3d, 1817, section 7, says:

"Every *Collector* of the Customs shall have authority, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, to employ within his district such *number* of proper persons as deputy collectors of the customs as he shall judge necessary, who are *hereby* declared to be OFFICERS of the customs."

The act of May 7, 1822, lays down,

"That the Secretary of the Treasury may, from time to time limit and fix the number and compensation of the clerks" (not "officers") "to be employed by any Collector, Naval Officer, or Surveyor."

Yet section 13 of the same act requires

"That every Collector, Naval Officer and Surveyor shall, together with his accounts of the expenses incident to his office, *render a list of the clerks* employed by him, stating the rate of compensation allowed to each, and the duties they severally perform."

If the Secretary of the Treasury were the appointing power, why should these "officers" be compelled to furnish him the names of the very men he himself appointed? The thing carries an absurd contradiction on its face.

To make the above more clear, we ought perhaps to quote the following:—

"Section 20 of the Act of 1799 requires that all *officers* and OTHER PERSONS" (mark the distinction) "appointed to office under the Federal Government, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation," &c.; and in the next section, in prescribing the duties of the several "officers" of the Custom House – the "Collector, Naval officer, and Surveyor"—are specially required, "with the approbation of the chief officer of the Treasury department, to employ proper *persons*" (not "inferior officers," remark!) "as weighers, gaugers, measurers, and inspectors," at the "several ports within their respective districts." Here we see that the "officers" have the exclusive appointment of the "persons" employed, subject only to the approval of the chief officer of the Treasury department.

In conclusion the Democrat pronounces the doctrines of Mr Guthrie's letter not only anti-Democratic—but unconstitutional and illegal. It is an unheard-of, an unwarrantable assumption on the part of the Federal Government. We call upon the President to review the doctrines of his Secretary, and shall call upon the Senate to take a prompt and decided action on this subject. We shall not tamely let such an assumption rest upon the character of the Democratic party. The "Congress assembled" must wash its hands of this centralizing anti-republican doctrine."

The "Sun" neutral, on politics, says:—

"Mr. Guthrie was unfortunate in his first letter; he is more than unfortunate, he is un-republican, in his second letter. * * * The Secretary of the Treasury sought the controversy, and being worsted in it, appealed to the President to give him satisfaction. The President, flattered, probably, with the notion he could play General Jackson, with his appointments, granted his Secretary's petition, and Judge Bronson was sent to the scaffold. Mr. Guthrie's doctrine is the spirit of "a real despotism." Of the necessity of reciprocal checks in the exercise of political power, Mr. Guthrie's "experiment" is the most modern proof. We think the American people will convince the Secretary of the Treasury that this Government is not an instrumentality for crushing the spirit of manhood in its servants."

The Journal of Commerce (Loco.) says,—

"The nomination of Judge Bronson for Governor of the Empire State, by a Democratic Convention in Orange County, immediately on receiving the announcement of his dismissal from the New York Custom house, is a premonitory symptom of what *may* happen in November, 1854.—Judge Bronson would make an excellent Governor, as he was an excellent Collector. The loss of such a man from the public service, will be much regretted by our merchants; and if some formal expression of this regret were manifested, in the shape of a public dinner or otherwise, the compliment would be worthily bestowed. At any rate, he will retire with honor from the sphere which he has occupied so well, and none the less for the attempt of the Administration to discredit him."

The "True National Democrat," solitary and alone amongst the newspapers of this day, sustains out and out the course of Secretary Guthrie. The "Times," does so evidently at heart, but very timidly in print.

New York Politics.—The Democrats of Orange County have already resolved:

"That the dismissal of the Hon. Greene C. Bronson from the office of Collector of the Port of New York at this time is an interference with the politics of this State, and an outrage upon an honest and upright man; and that the true Democracy of New York owe it to their own dignity and integrity to sustain Mr. Bronson in his course, and to uphold the principles avowed in his letter to Secretary Guthrie, by elevating him to the highest office in their gift, and we therefore name him as the next candidate for Governor in this State."

Gen. Dix, we are told, will follow his family to Europe in a short time. His friends think he has been personally almost as badly treated as Judge Bronson by the President. He was promised the Mission to France, and on the promise his family made preparations to go there. He took the Sub Treasury to oblige the President, and the Executive hoped to keep him buried in this Custom House dungeon. The Richmond Enquirer denounced him to get rid of him, and to put Mr. Mason in the place which the Administration promised to Mr. Dix. Having succeeded in this, the Enquirer has now come out flat footed for the Administration. We are told in a letter from Washington that not long ago there came a letter from Gov. Marcy, requesting of Gen. Dix some fresh committal and pledge on certain points of political faith; but regarding this, undoubtedly, as a piece of presumption on the part of the Secretary of State, Gen. Dix treated the demand in silence. He was then sent for by the President,—he wrote to the President that, having nine millions of dollars of the public money in his keeping, he could not leave home, however great the pleasure which a visit to the President might afford him; and added that no one knew better than the President how reluctantly he accepted his present office and how desirous he was to be released from it. The end we have seen in Mr. Cisco's appointment and in Mr. Dix's release, greatly to his joy.—*N. Y. Ev.*

THE NEXT CONGRESS

What a time of it we shall have in the next Congress. We have seen sights already among the Harmonious, but it is nothing to what we shall see during the session of the approaching Congress. The ground work is just being laid for the grand flare-up to come off among the assembled representatives of the Democracy from all parts of the Union. The Secessionists will be there, from the South, more rampant than ever, under the especial favoritism of the Administration. The Free Soilers will be there in all their glory, backed by the patronage of the Government. The Old Line Democracy will be there, proud, but oh how fallen! to reproach, in their expiring struggles, the Administration of their own selection, for their downfall. It will be the first meeting of the factions after the consummation of their alliance in the late Presidential election, and what a time of it they will have. Each wing of the brotherhood are already marshalling their forces and organizing for the contest. The Old Line Democracy, humbugged and cheated as they have been, most outrageously, are determined to make the best fight they can and die hard. The Free Soilers aided by a corps of allies from the Southern Democracy, confidently expect to vanquish them from the field as easily as they tricked them with a nominee in the late Baltimore Convention; and with a platform, which they went through the empty, hypocritical ceremony of endorsing, the better to enable them to monopolise the power and patronage of the Government. The scenes upon the floor of the Halls of Congress during the session of '53–'54 will be without a parallel in the history of the Republic. Old scores will be brought up there for settlement, and shocking disclosures will be made. The Brigadier may well think he has had a bed of thorns in the White House, thus far, but he has only had a specimen of what is to come. How his nerves will be able to stand the shock, we have some fearful misgivings. They must have strengthened very much since the days of his exploits upon the battle fields of Mexico, if he proves able to meet them with a more resolute spirit than he exhibited in his *illustrious* military career. The New York Hunkers will have a dose in store for him and his chosen Cabinet councillors. The spirit which actuated the decapitation of Collector Bronson and, perhaps, District Attorney O'Conor, will have to be accounted for—and some more satisfactory apology given than Secretary Guthrie has yet furnished. The Pacific Railroad Democrats will want to know what has become of those doctrines put forth on that subject when the President and Cabinet made their trip to the opening of the Crystal Palace. If they are to be conciliated by substituting grants of *public land* in place of *money* appropriations from the Treasury, he will have a troublesome account to settle with the Strict Constructionists, unless they have made up their minds to "cave in," and abandon all their venerated attachments to the resolutions of '98. Together with these are many other harassing affairs, too tedious to mention—all of which combined will produce sundry rare exhibitions in the next Congress. We can hardly venture to wish the Democracy a safe deliverance from their accumulating difficulties, for that is beyond the extent of human expectation. We feel for them in their sad bereavement, but it is all the result of their eager efforts to get possession of the spoils; and the only consolation we can administer to them is to make up their minds to bear it with the best grace they can and take the consequences. It ought to furnish them a lesson to profit by in future.—*Richmond Whig.*

Accurate Work.—We hear that since the 20th of October last the Post Office Department have distributed among the various postmasters of the country postage stamps and stamped envelopes to an aggregate amount of more than three millions and a half dollars. These stamps and envelopes are, in denomination, for one cent, three cents, and twelve cents. After taking an account of the balance on hand, it is found that those thus sent out are accounted for to within one hundred dollars' worth or so. Such accuracy in the transaction of such business is extremely novel, in view of the immense number of postmasters served, the minuteness of the denominations of the stamps and envelopes, and their immense aggregate value.
Wash. City Star.

The young lady who "fell *dead*—in love with a young man," revived on being asked to name the day.

A little paper called the "*Half-Cent*" has been started in New York. The newsboys cry, "Here's the "*Half Cent*"—give me a cent and I'll give you a half-cent change!"

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION

This body commenced its Annual Session in the Baptist Church in Newbern on Thursday the 13th inst. and adjourned on Monday evening last. The attendance of Delegates was a fair one as regards number, and very respectable in point of talents, &c. There were from 25 to 30 Ministers in attendance and a number of lay delegates. The Rev. James McDaniel of Fayetteville, presided over the Convention. Considerable business of importance to the interests of the church was transacted, we learn, in a spirit of great harmony. As to any particular action upon the different subjects that came before the Convention, we have no definite information. The interests of Education, which the intelligent ministry and members of this church have always regarded as of great importance, received their full share of attention. A meeting relating to the interests of Education in particular, was held, and on Sunday night a general mass meeting relating to home and foreign missions. The pulpits of the Methodist and Presbyterian Churches were filled by ministers in attendance on the Convention, on Sunday last, and, as we learn, much to the satisfaction of the Congregations generally.

The Convention adjourned to meet in Fayetteville, opening its session on Thursday before the 3rd Sabbath in October, 1854.—*Newbern News.*

Leaksville Coal.—When at the last Rockingham County Court, we learned that an English Collier and a number of hands were engaged in getting up this coal, and that it was boated down the river to Danville, and other places. They are making use of it at Danville quite freely, and its consumption by the citizens of that place, will no doubt be considerably increased this winter. We are of opinion that the quality of the coal in the Rockingham mines is more valuable, being pure Anthracite, and that it is more mechantable and with all more easily raised from the earth than that of the Chatham mines. Geologists who have examined them all agree as to their value.
Milton Democrat.

Too Fast by Far.—The Norfolk *Argus* (Democratic) defends Collector Bronson's epistle to the Secretary of the Treasury that is before his removal. The *Argus* says: "The tone and temper of the communication is in good taste, and we are not disposed to criticise it. But notwithstanding the laudations it has received from the opposition press, perused of it will satisfy any one of common intelligence, that it entirely accords with the views assumed by Mr. Guthrie."

Very well, neighbor of the *Argus*, but the axe has fallen, and Bronson's head is off. And pray for what? Because "the tone and temper of the communication is in good taste," and "will satisfy any one of common intelligence that it entirely accords with the views assumed by Mr. Guthrie." Mr. Guthrie, unfortunately for the Argus, by no means thinks so and has seen proper to forward Mr. Bronson his walking papers for inditing a communication in such "good tone, temper, and taste." Where is the Argus now? And where are the Southern Democracy? Whose cause will they espouse—Bronson's or Guthrie's? It is time for all of them to show their hand "Under which king Bezonian."—*Richmond Whig.*

The New York Evening Post has occasionally a very disrespectful way of speaking of its "democratic" *confreres*. In reference to the long winded criticism upon the article in Putnam, which appeared simultaneously in the Boston Post, Washington Union, Sentinel and Pennsylvanian, the Evening Post says:

The article realizes the geometricians' definition of a straight line: it has length, without breadth or thickness. It has one good thing in it however. Dan Sickles, Mr. Buchanan's secretary of legation, is spoken of as an "accomplished scholar, and singularly well fitted for and accustomed to literary labors and scientific pursuit." We were aware that Dan's passion for letter was so uncontrollable, that on one occasion he robbed a post office to gratify it, but of his scientific attainments, if they exist, we are not so well informed. We do remember his once being employed by some clients in this city to secure a patent for them, at Washington, but neither he nor his friends have ever cared to talk much about his achievements under that retainer.

Important Improvement and Economy in the Manufacture of Flour.—A recent English paper contains a detailed account of a remarkable invention, which is likely to effect a complete revolution in the manufacture of flour. The improvement consists in the substitution of conical for flat millstones. It was stated, by a committee of the House of Parliament, that by this invention $1,857,120 quartern loaves, in addition to those which are now made from the same quantity of wheat, would be produced, giving a clear saving of upwards of £2,000,000 per year.

The "conical" mill is intended to obviate the defects of the flat mill. The beneficial changes effected may be succinctly enumerated. First, the reduction of the weight of the running stone from 14 cwt. to 1½ cwt., by placing it beneath instead of upon the fixed one; second, the reduction of the size of the stones in the proportion of 3 3-4 to 1; and thirdly, the giving to the stones a new form—that of the frustrum to a cone. The average of lessening the diameter and weight of a mass, of which the one is 4 cwt., and the other 1 cwt., will be apparent, when it is considered that its effective velocity is 120 revolutions per minute, and that this velocity must be sustained against the enormous friction of the grinding surfaces. The altered position of the running stone admits of a much more delicate adjustment of the opposing surfaces, and gives to the miller an easy and effective control over the most important portion of his operation. The conical form facilitates the discharge of the flour, and obviates the clogging and over-heating of the old practice. In addition to these advantages, by a judicious modification of the ordinary mode of dressing, or rather by a combination of the mill with the dressing machine, a perfect separation of the flour from the bran is effected at the moment the grist escapes from the stones. The bran still remains in the mill and falls by its own gravity, to a second pair of stones in all respects resembling those already described.

Another Comet.—According to an English paper another illustrious stranger, a comet, is taking a tour through the heavens, within the scope of our earthly vision. It was discovered at Berlin on the 11th of September, and on the 3d of October was visible to the eye. The head equalled in brightness a star of the fourth magnitude; and the tail could be traced about one degree. It had a rapid southern motion.

Death of the Sleeping Man.—Cornelius Vrooman died at his brother's residence, in Clarkson, on Monday, the 17th inst. While on exhibition in New York, he was taken sick, which seemed to induce a wakeful state for a short period, and then a stupid condition, with intervals of wakefulness, until he was brought home on the 14th. He talked very little, inquiring after his mother, who had been dead two years, his father and brothers, whom he seemed partially to recognize. He complained of great internal heat, and soreness of his throat and stomach. On the morning of the day of his death he called for food, and ate a hearty meal, and from that time seemed to be in pain until 2 o'clock P. M., when he died without a struggle. His age was 34 years.—*Roch. Dem.*

The Money Panic. The New York papers of Tuesday last appear to think that the crisis in the money market has been passed, and that times will become easier. The Bank statements as published showed much strength, and stocks generally advanced. The Banks (of which there are 50 or 60 in the city,) had curtailed their loans upwards of twelve millions of dollars in 11 days; an amount unprecedented within such a period; and it is wonderful that the mercantile community has sustained such a curtailment with so little damage. It is an evidence of great prosperity.

A letter from New York, speaking of the pressure, says,—

"I had to-day a striking evidence of this want of confidence or panic feeling in a Wall street man of immense wealth and highest possible credit, whose exclusive business is dealing in money, exchange, and stock, who refused to make an advance upon what he acknowledged was good security on railroad stock at two per cent per month, and who had just previously refused to accept a proffered loan on call upon his own personal security at seven per cent. Though he thus could obtain money himself at seven per cent, he refused to accept it and loan it out on good collaterals at two per cent per month; and the party who offered him the money no doubt could likewise have obtained two per cent monthly for it on similar security, but preferred taking seven per cent per annum where he felt so confident of its security, and where he could obtain it at twenty four hours' notice to make any desirable operation. This is an example as to the action of money capitalists and money dealers in this city."

Accidents of a Chevalier D'Industrie. The Albany Transcript records the doings of a Chevalier d'Industrie who answers to the name of E. Gustavus Perkins. He arrived in that City on the afternoon of Thursday week, and within three days thereafter packed a gentleman's pocket book, lodgings at a genteel boarding house, advertised for a wife, and gave audience to fifteen ladies, old and young, who believed themselves qualified to make him happy. accepted six of them, and received a gold ring from each as a pledge of her return to complete the nuptial arrangements. broke open his landlady's cupboard, and stole all her silver spoons—was detected in the act of rummaging a fellow boarder's trunk. got kicked out of doors—was pursued through the streets by a brother of one of the anxious applicants for matrimony, who swore to inflict summary vengeance upon him. took refuge from his pursuer in a millinery shop. stole four pieces of satin ribbon from his kind protectress, the bonnet maker. was met and recognised by another of the ladies with whom he had contracted a matrimonial alliance. was charged by the young lady with obtaining her heart and ring under false pretences, and was soundly thrashed by a big drayman, who volunteered as champion of the injured virgin. Next he obtained a lot of assorted hardware from a merchant, by representing himself as the partner of a mercantile firm in Chicago. took passage for Buffalo. was arrested in the cars at Utica, and taken back to Albany, where he underwent an examination and was consigned to the lock up. All, be it remembered, in three days.

FALL SUPPLIES.

I HAVE always on hand a full assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, and other Goods suitable for the Fall and Winter Trade, and which I offer for Cash, or in exchange for Produce of almost any kind. I have now in Store: Flour, Meal, Corn, Rice, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Crackers, Salt, white Clarified and Brown Sugars, Rio and Java Coffee, Teas, Molasses, Vinegar, Fish, Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Candles, Soap, Starch, Spices, Candies, Pepper, Buckets, Brooms, wrought and cut Nails, Powder, Shot, Percussion Caps, and a good assortment of Dye Stuffs, with many other things in the Grocery line.

ALSO

A good assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Negro Blanket and Kerseys, and a good assortment of Ready made Clothing. Call and buy cheap.

W. H. CARVER.

October 25, 1853. 3m

10,000 Fruit Trees!!

CONSISTING of Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Apricot, and Nectarine, together with a select variety of Evergreens and Ornamental Shrubbery.

For sale, by the subscriber, at the Pomological Gardens, old stand.

A complete Catalogue will be furnished within the ensuing year.

THOMAS LINDLEY,
Cane Creek, Chatham Co., N. C.

Oct. 25, 1853. 3m51

FINE FRUIT! FINE FRUIT!

TEN Thousand Apple Trees of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from the earliest to the latest. Ten Thousand Peach Trees of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from early in June to November. One Thousand Cherry Trees of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from the first of May to July, also, a fine assortment of Apricots, Nectarines, Plums, Pears and Strawberry plants, for sale at the Pomological Gardens and Nurseries, at Cane Creek, Chatham county, and New Garden, Guilford county. Orders for trees should be sent in early. Catalogues will be sent to all applicants.

During my absence my brother, Owen Lindley, will deliver trees at Cane Creek, and my son, Albert G. Lindley, at New Garden.

JOSHUA LINDLEY
New Garden, Guilford county, N. C.
The 14th of the 10th mo., 1853. 3m

To Members and others who propose attending the Synod of North Carolina, at Wilmington, on the 9th November.

THE Steamer Fanny Lutterloh will leave Fayetteville for Wilmington on Tuesday morning the 8th November, at 6 o'clock, and again on Thursday morning the 10th, at the same hour. The Alice will leave Wilmington on Monday the 14th November.

Members of the Synod, and all others who visit Wilmington for the purpose of attending Synod, will be allowed a RETURN passage by this Line FREE OF CHARGE.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.

Oct. 27, 1853. 3m

The Road to Health.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Holloway's Pills the most certain Remedy for the Cure of Dropsy.—Mr. James Smith, of Oxford street, Manchester, suffered for years with a dropsical complaint: his body and legs were swollen to a most alarming extent, and no hopes whatever were entertained of his recovery; he was for some time in the hospital, besides having taken every variety of medicine usually prescribed for the cure of dropsy: yet all proved useless, and his case was pronounced incurable. Holloway's Pills were then resorted to, which soon had the effect of improving his health, and reducing the swelling, so that now he is perfectly cured of that direful complaint by taking these wonderful Pills.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London and by all respectable vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the British Empire, and by those of the United States, in pots and boxes, at 25½ cents, 87 cents, and $1 50 each, wholesale, by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and Mr. J. HORSEY, 84 Maiden Lane, New York.

There is very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each pot or box.

Wholesale, by S. B. & T. A. EVANS, Wilmington, N. C.
For sale by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

Awarded at the First Annual Fair of the North Carolina State Agricultural Society, October 21st, 1853.

[The List of Premiums is so long that we abridge it, giving the entire substance, without the forms.]

David McDaniel, Nash county, $10 each for two Devon Cows, $5 for Devon Bull, and diploma for other bull and cow, $5 for trotting filly, and $5 for Jack.

Barney Johnson, Wake, $5 for Devon cow.

Wm. Russell, Caswell, $10 for Durham cow, and 3 diplomas for Devon bull, &c.

Wm. R. Holt, Davidson, $10 for Devon heifer, $5 for another do., and 3 diplomas for others, diploma for hams, wheat, and $5 and dipl. for flowers.

Mrs. Taylor, Raleigh, $10 for milch cow.

J. Kilpatrick, Raleigh, $5 for cow, and dipl. for sugar beets.

A. J. Leach, Johnston, $10 for Durham Bull.

Henry Clay

Seth Jones, Wake, 4 diplomas for cattle.

J. J. Dawson, Halifax, diploma for native cow.

Paul C. Cameron, Orange, $10 for cow, diploma for bull and brood mare.

R. D. Hearti, Nash, $5 for Durham bull.

Alphen Jones, Wake, $10 for yoke of working oxen, and diplomas for another yoke, and cotton press.

J. H. Cooley, Franklin, $10 for pair of fat steers.

Seth Jones, Wake, diploma for brood mare.

Gen. M. T. Hawkins, $10 for stallion, $10 for jack, $5 for jennet, and diploma for filly.

Rev. Josiah Crudup, Granville, diploma for do.

David Gill, Wake, diploma for do. and jenny.

W. S. Battle, Edgecombe, $10 for stallion, $5 for boar.

Thos. C. Smith, Bladen, diploma for brood mare.

W. A. Eaton, Granville, $10 for do.

Thomas Howerton, Orange, diploma for match horses.

Dr. J. F. Foard, Rowan, do. do.

Wm. H. High, Raleigh, $5 for saddle horse.

A. F. Page, Wake, diploma for "

J. B. Leathers, Orange, $5 for stallion, and diploma for filly.

Gilbert Cone, Franklin, diploma for do.

J. K. Marriott, Wake, $5 and diploma for filly.

T. D. McDowell, Bladen, $10 for pair mules.

W. K. Lane, Wayne, $5 for mule.

J. S. Jones, Warren, diploma for jack.

S. S. Caraway, 5 diplomas for Chester boars and sows, and cotton.

Rev. B. T. Blake, diploma for sow.

N. Rose, Northampton, " "

A. Alden, Cumberland, diploma for China fowls.

B. F. Moore, Raleigh, diploma for Muscovy ducks.

W. Whitaker, Jr., Raleigh, diploma for Shanghai fowls.

J. A. Williams, Cumberland, diploma for Cumberland chickens.

W. H. Jones, Raleigh, 2 diplomas for native fowls and ducks.

Mrs. Dr. Hill, Raleigh, dipl. for Muscovy Ducks.

N. W. Arrington, Nash, dipl. for game fowls.

Mrs. J. O'Rourke, Raleigh, dipl. for Muscovy ducks.

Mrs. E. Hall, Raleigh, dipl. for ducks.

Geo. T. Cooke, Raleigh, dipl. for Shanghai fowls.

R. T. Barksdale, Cumberland, dipl. for Mongrel fowl.

J. C. Partridge, Raleigh, dipl. for Shanghais.

S. Smith, Raleigh, dipl. for Japan chickens.

Thos. Lindley, Chatham, $5 for best fruits, and $10 for fruit trees.

John Stafford, Alamance, dipl. for 2d best do., and $5 for hay and straw cutter.

Dr. Chapman, Craven, dipl. for winter pears.

Mrs. G. Meredith, Wake, " "

W. Thompson, Wake, dipl. for apples.

W. R. Pool, " "

Dr. S. Weller, Halifax, dipl. for lot of grapes, vegetables, and sculppernong wine.

Mrs. L. M. Tucker, Raleigh, dipl. for pomegranates and curtains.

Rev. Dr. Mason, " " Lima beans.

Mrs. Griffin, " " peach preserves.

Mrs. J. Evans, Cumberland, " preserved melons.

Mrs. Louisa Holt, Davidson, $5 and diploma for butter, jellies, &c.

Mrs. H. B. Babbitt, Raleigh, diploma for pickled peaches.

Mrs. C. M. Winslow, Fayetteville, ditto for oil mangoes.

Mrs. J. Redmond, Tarborough, ditto for Malaga grapes.

G. M. Whiting, Raleigh, ditto for blood beets.

W. Whitaker, Wake, diploma for peas and turnips.

Wm. H. Morning, Johnston, do. for squashes, and tallow candles.

J. Kinney, Jones, diploma for beet.

Whitman & Co., Baltimore, diplomas for jointed cultivator, wheat drill, grist mill, fanning mill, Partridge fork and hoe, hay press, wheat thresher and straw carrier, sweep and railway horse powers, and patent churn, and $10 for largest collection of useful implements from one factory.

S. March, Norfolk, Va. diplomas for Geddes' harrow, scoop, and corn sheller.

J. M. Towles, Raleigh, dipl. for hill-side plow.

Borum & Co. Norfolk, diplomas for horse rake, sub-soil plough, ox-yoke, grist mill.

W. B. Williams, Warren, $5 for plough.

Tappy & Lumsden, Petersburg, dipl. for saw mill.

J. A. McMannin, Orange, dipl. for Smut machine.

J. Simmons, Halifax, $5 for cotton plough.

C. Lutterloh, Fayetteville, dipl. for green house plants.

Mrs. T. P. Devereux, Raleigh, dipl. for citron Lemon tree.

R. B. Smith, Cumberland, dipl. for embalmed flowers.

Misses Rogers, Raleigh, dipl. for floral ornaments, and diploma for silk handkerchief and stockings.

Mrs. Beckwith, Johnston, $5 and dipl. for counterpane.

Miss V. Gary, Raleigh, dipl. for wax flowers.

Miss E. Colburn, " " "

Mrs. J. C. Partridge, Raleigh, $5 and dipl. for work stand and embroidery.

Miss J. Ruth, Raleigh, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. S. Miller " " "

Mrs. Murden, " " "

Mrs. Barbour, " " "

Miss Usher, Duplin, " " "

Mrs. M. A. Walker, Warsaw, " "

Mrs. Jno. E. Paschall, " "

Mrs. J. Staten, Edgecombe, " rug and carpet.

Fayetteville Mill, dipl. for domestics.

A. E. Fuller, Granville, dipl. for home-made silk and worsted cloth.

E. M. Holt, Alamance, dipl. for domestics and cotton yarns.

Mrs. Pullen, Wake, " blankets.

Mrs. S. Vincent, Chatham, " "

Mrs. Langlay, Granville, " quilt.

Mrs. F. Lloyd, Bladen, " table cover.

Mrs. W. H. Morning, Johnston, $3 and dipl. for straw and palm hats.

David Murphy, Cumberland, $5 and diploma for best news printing paper.

J. F. Jordan & Co., Raleigh, $5 and dipl. for book printing paper.

W. F. Hilliard, Franklinton, $5 and dipl. for leather.

Mrs. Paul, Halifax, $5 and diploma, &c.

J. W. Cotton, do. diploma for merino.

J. P. Mabry, Lexington, $5 and dipl. for mineral and ore.

G. R. Griffith, Fort Isonotch, diploma for filter and cream coup.

S. Loy, Chatham, diploma for stone ware.

Mrs. M. F. King, Tarborough, diploma for lamp mat.

Jos. Woltering, Raleigh, $5 and dipl. for do.

W. D. Cooke, Raleigh, diplomas, type for the blind, card printing, printing in color, &c., $5 and dipl. for map for the blind, and best printing of all kinds, and dipl. for binding and press.

Webb & Douglas, Orange, $5 and dipl. for chisels, screw plate, and cotton yarns.

Mrs. Dr. Field, Warren, dipl. for starch, and fine sewing.

John R. Harrison, Raleigh, $5 and dipl. for road coach.

Mrs. F. A. Graves, Caswell, $5 and dipl. for N. C. silk shawl.

G. Deming, Cumberland, dipl. for corn husk cabin, (made by negro boy 12 years old.)

Miss E. McCullers, Johnston, dipl. for sewing case.

Makepeace & Christian, Montgomery, dipl. for cotton yarns.

Gen. B. Trollinger, Alamance, " "

W. W. Hobbon, Raleigh, $5 and dipl. for book printing.

Mrs. Louise Bauer, $5 and dipl. for artificial flowers.

W. L. Pomeroy, Raleigh, dipl. for book binding.

Graves & Wilcox, Warren, dipl. for lamp mats and wax flowers.

Mrs. R. E. Shultz, $5 and dipl. for hair wreath.

Miss C. M. Hunter, Warren, dipl. for paper cutting.

Miss Stanmire, Goldsboro', $5 and dipl. for worked handkerchief.

Mrs. S. S. Royster, Granville, $5 and dipl. for lindsays.

Mrs. Dr. Henderson, Granville, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. Cox, Henderson, $5 and dipl. for counterpane.

Miss Tompkins, Bath, 10 years old, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. J. Adams, Wake, dipl. for counterpane.

W. C. Stedman, Wake, diploma for blanket.

Miss L. M. Stephenson, Wake, diploma for counterpane.

W. W. Guess, Orange, diploma for quilts.

Mrs. Thos. Carroll, Warren, $5 and dipl. for blanket.

P. S. Benbow, Alamance, diploma for whetstone grit.

Mrs. A. H. Davis, Franklin, diploma for baskets.

Mrs. M. A. Willhite, Raleigh, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. J. E. Kyle, Fayetteville, "

J. Betts, Raleigh, diploma for rye.

H. Wright, Cumberland, do. for spirit lift.

Dr. Benbow, Fayetteville, $5 and diploma for specimens of dentistry.

Mrs. McGowan, Raleigh, diploma for cape.

J. M. Miles, Portsmouth, Va., diploma for O. F. Regalia.

Miss M. Saunders, Raleigh, diploma for cable shade.

J. J. Brame, Henderson, diploma for soap.

Mrs. S. Tripp, Beaufort, $5 and diploma for negro shirting.

Mrs. Guilford, ditto, diploma for carpet.

Mrs. J. F. Jordan, Raleigh, do. work stand.

Miss S. A. Partridge, do., $5 and diploma for work stand, coral pitchers, embroidery, &c.

Miss Grimes, Raleigh, diploma for quilt.

Miss Hines, ditto, ditto, emb'd chair.

Mrs. Cowper, Chowan, ditto, table covers.

J. Newlin & Son, Alamance, diploma for heading, warp and yarn.

A. S. Horney, Franklinsville, dipl. for sheeting and drilling, and copper ore.

Mrs. Clack, Granville, $5 and dipl. for rug.

Mrs. Wm. J. Clark, Raleigh, diploma for mantilla and apron, and sack.

Mrs. Gregory, Granville, diploma for counterpane and cape.

Miss M. A. Turner, Warren, $5 and diploma for embroidery.

Miss V. Cook, Franklin, $2 and diploma for quilt.

F. & H. Fries, Salem, diploma for jeans and negro cloths.

Mrs. R. A. Shultz, Salem, $5 and diploma for home made jeans; $2 50 and diploma for rye straw carpet; diplomas for quilt and col'd sheep skins and honey.

Mrs. A. W. Venable, diploma for carpet.

I. J. Sides, Salem, $2 50 and diploma for rye straw carpet.

Miss Graves, Caswell, dipl. for stockings.

Mrs. B. F. Moore, Raleigh, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. Mary Whitaker, Wake, $5 and dipl. for silk stockings, gloves, &c., and dipl. for carpet.

Mrs. S. L. Smith, Fayetteville, $3 and dipl. for net coverlet.

D. Kivet, Randolph, dipl. for sheeting, drillings and yarns.

Mrs. A. W. Mordecai, Wake, dipl. for curtains.

Mrs. H. J. Bryan, Raleigh, " quilt.

Mrs. Hall, Fayetteville, " mantelette.

Miss Hill, Raleigh, " socks.

Mrs. Evans, " $2 and dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. B. Royster, Jr., Raleigh, dipl. for quilt.

Mrs. Strickland, Wake, dipl. for curtains and counterpane.

Mrs. L. Sparrow, Beaufort, dipl. for coverlet.

Mrs. Dr. W. R. Holt, Lexington, dipl. for butter.

Mrs. McDaniel, Nash, " "

Mrs. H. Elliot, Cumberland, $5 and dipl. for hams.

R. A. Davis, Warsaw, dipl. for ham.

Mrs. W. B. Williams, Warren, dip. for butter.

Mrs. Askew, " "

David Lewis, Franklin, " wine.

W. Thompson, Raleigh, " bedstead.

O. P. Copeland, Northampton, $10 and two diplomas for oil paintings.

Stafford, Clark & Dixon, $10 for largest collection of useful implements and machinery from one N. C. factory.

Miss Annie Turner, Warren, dip. for painting.

Miss A. S. Partridge, Raleigh, " "

Mrs. L. H. Walker, Greensboro', " "

Miss M. T. Parrish, Warren, " "

Miss V. L. Clark, " " "

Mrs. S. A. Wilcox, " " "

T. J. Havens, Raleigh, dip. for daguerreotype.

H. Harbaugh, Fayetteville, $5 and dipl. for architectural designs.

N. P. Muller, Wilmington, dipl. for drawing of bridge.

S. Gales, Raleigh, dipl. for daguerreotype daily Register.

Miss E. Colburn, Raleigh, dipl. for painting.

J. W. Woltering, " " drawing.

J. N. Seely, $3 and 2 dipls. for drawing of cart and wagon.

E. P. Taylor & Co., Columbus, Geo., $3 and diplomas for cotton gin and straw cutter.

John Cocke & Co, Portsmouth, dip. for rug.

L. W. Blake, Mass., $3 and dip., water wheel.

Dr. Whitehead, Petersburg, $3 and dip. teeth.

...ames & Williamson, Petersburg, dipl. for fancy ...
... Geer, Fayetteville, S'r and dipl. for hats
... Biggs & Co., Raleigh, dipl. for clothes
... Geer, Raleigh, dipl. for wheat straw hat
... Wyatts, Raleigh, dipl. for child's hat
... Andrews, Chatham, dipl. for wool hat
... Geer, Raleigh, dipl. for boots
... & Sheatree, Warren, $50 and 2 c'nd 2 do
... carriage and buggy
... Dawson, Franklinton, $10 and dipl. for ...
... & Co., Warrenton, dipl. for buggy
... Sessoms, Salem, dipl. for wagon
... Wagner, Raleigh, " "
... Conely, Wilmington, S'r and dipl. for harness
... Rowlett, Watsaw, " "
... D. Hutchings, Raleigh, S'r and dipl. for ...
... for saddles
... N. Broom, Fayetteville, dipl. for buggy
... Orange, " "
... Seely, Johnston, " wagon
... Demitte, Fayetteville, " limp mat
... Pelletier, " cape, apron and collar
... Martin Haywood, Raleigh, dipl. for needle work
... M. E. Cook, " crotchet work
... L. A. Cook, " sack and silk bag
... M. St. C. Cook, " needle book
... J. A. Waddell, " purse & lamp mat
... Mary Dickson, Orange " "
... Miller's Mine, Granville, " copper ore
... Yarboro, Caswell, " model of box
... Kennedy, Wilmington, " teeth
... C. Harris, Raleigh, " worsted work
... J. Ryals, Raleigh, " soap mixture
... S. Rogers, Wake, " model of bee hive
... E. Ketchum, Raleigh, " drawings
... H. & L. J. Haughton, Chatham, dipl. for coal
Blind Sailor, Newbern, " Basket
... A. Guion, " $5 and dipl. for woollen cloth
H. G. Bruce, Raleigh, dipl. for safety valve
Mrs. C. Atkinson, Johnston, dipl. for burr basket
Mrs. N. Gully, Raleigh, " needle work
... Paschall, Franklin, " Chinese rye
... Kearney, " " Poland wheat
Miles Costin, Wilmington, " Marl
Wm. Evans, Cumberland, " Scuppernong wine
R. F. Webb, Orange, " Egg Plants
H. Elliot, Cumberland, " Raw Hams
R. H. Wainwright & Co., Granville, S'r and dipl. for ...
Henry Mordecai, Wake, $5, Trotting Horse
... N. E. Jones, Caswell, $5 and dipl. Tobacco
Satterfield & Lunsford, Person, dipl. " "
W. & J. D. Long, Caswell, " "

... ers so entitled to premiums, according to the above ... receive the amounts due them, upon applica... by letter or otherwise to Mr. J. F. Hutchins, ...asurer of the Society, Raleigh.

... Diplomas will be ready for delivery as soon as ... can be filled, and will be subject to the order of ... so entitled to them, which should be sent to the Re... ing Secretary, Dr. Jno. F. Tompkins, Raleigh.

A. E. CRUDUP,
Chairman of Ex. Com.

A WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.—The Arabia ...rings accounts to the 15th inst.

The Eastern Question.—The Sultan has given ...tice that if the Russians do not evacuate the ...incipalities within fifteen days hostilities will ...commenced. The formal declaration of war ...ainst Russia was posted up on all the mosques ...Constantinople. The Turks will not at present ...ss the Danube. The Sultan has invited the ...ubinied fleets to Constantinople. The Black ...a is to be free for neutral flags.

A Paris correspondent writes that in private ...ters from Constantinople the Eastern question ...examined in every point of view, and the con...sion unanimously arrived at is that war is in...itable. Omar Pasha on the 9th instant formal... summoned Gortschakoff to evacuate the Otto...an territory within fifteen days, and, in antici...ation of hostilities, a levy of 1,50,000 Turkish ...p had been ordered. The clergy had offered ...place three hundred millions of piasters at the ...tan's disposal. The Sultan tells the foreign ...bassadors that he desires to settle the difficul...ies peaceably, but as his ancestors gained their ...pire by the sword the Turks would perish in ...support.

A number of English officers, mostly belonging ...the India service, were moving between the ...rkish camps, and others were now on their way ...Constantinople. The number of offers from ...ers and Hungarians to aid the Turkish Govern...ent is incredible.

The Paris correspondent of the London Globe ...expresses the belief that peace will be pre...ved.

France.—The Emperor Napoleon is reported ...ave said on the 18th that if Russia did not ...ist war must be proceeded with.

The Paris Police had made search for Kossuth ...the house of M. Kip, a Hungarian, but he ...ad not be found.

Cotton had advanced ¼d. Sales of the week ...000 bales. Middling uplands 5¾ to 5¾d.—...ock 753,000 bales.

Breadstuffs had again risen, with upward ten...ency.

THE PACIFIC RAIL ROAD.—The Charleston ...ercury, Locofoco, thus speaks of the Hon. Robt. ...Walker's plan for building this road with the ...vernment money:

"An interesting company has recently been ...rmed under a charter granted by the New York ...gislature, capital one hundred millions of dol... We learn from the Washington Sentinel ...at this capital has all been subscribed. We ...e not surprised at the information. The Hon. ...Robert J. Walker, who is, we are very sorry to ...y, not worth a dollar, headed the list by sub...ribing the trifling sum of ten millions for him...lf. Of the smaller fry, P. T. Barnum, well ...own for his many physiological, economical and ...thical discoveries, is down for $600,000, and ...ese are specimens of the composition of a com...any that is willing to relieve Congress of all the ...ublem and the dangers of spending the public ...oney, by the very simple process of spending it ...r them, and in order that there may be no ...hance of corruption, they will not allow the ...ederal Government to have anything to do with ...t except to go through the very harmless process ...furnishing the capital and the credit. This is ...prospect that has some chance of success, and if ...this particular one, it will be some rival still ...re ingeniously devised to abstract money from ...e Treasury for the benefit of speculators."

Mr. Walker was appointed by President Pierce ...inister to China. His appointment was made ...occasion of extravagant eulogy of his honesty, ...ntsmanship, &c. &c.; and his declension the ...ason of all kinds of lamentation as a "misfor...ne to the country." We think it was.

We learned a few days since that another ...ge sale of Mining Lands, in the vicinity of the ...d Gulloch and Harlan mines, had been effected ...twenty-five thousand dollars. Particulars we ...re not learned, except that it was a bona fide ...le to a Baltimore or Norfolk Company for the ...e above stated.—*Greensboro Pat.*

North Carolina Rail Road.—Ten miles of this ...eat work, on the Eastern end have been com...pleted. An engine and car belonging to the ...ilmington and Raleigh road were put upon it, ...w days since, for a pleasure trip. The road ...eds a little adjusting, but the train attained a ...eed of thirty miles the hour.

The Japan Expedition.—By the latest mail ...om China we have intelligence that the United ...ates squadron, under Com. Perry, arrived at ...apan on the 8th of July, and was kindly received ...y the inhabitants. Negotiations, however, had ...en postponed till the spring, and the squadron ...ailed from Japan on the 21st of July.—*Nat. Int.*

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31, 1853.

☞ Having new and rather young carriers of the Observer in town, mistakes may occur, as they have already occurred. We therefore request subscribers who do not receive their papers to notify us of the failure. And we particularly request that no person will receive a paper addressed to any other than himself. As each subscriber's name is written on his paper, nothing should prevent his getting it, and nothing can justify any other person in taking it.

NORTH CAROLINA MINERALS.—A friend from the up country showed to us, a few days ago,—

Specimens of Copper ore from the Melver mine in Chatham;

Lead and Silver ore from the Boss mine in Davidson; and

Gold ore from the Ward mine in Davidson.

The developement of the Melver mine was commenced in June last. The surface indications were quite common, and 4 feet under ground the vein was small, only 4 inches wide; but it increased gradually as the shaft advanced, until, at the depth of 35 feet, the vein was 20 inches wide. The character of the ore is grey oxide, said by a practical miner to contain 70 per cent. of copper.

The mine is advantageously situated just below the coal fields, and within 2 miles of the navigation of Deep river. So that the coal may be used for smelting the ore, and the river for transporting it to market.

The Deep River Copper Mining Company, by whom this mine was purchased for $18,000, was organized about three weeks ago, and is composed of some of the most wealthy and respectable gentlemen of that section, by whom the works will be vigorously prosecuted. Since the organization of the company its stock has been sold at 50 per cent. advance.

The specimen of gold from the Ward mine is said to indicate the richest gold mine in the world.

These and every other enterprise calculated to bring forth the wealth of our portion of the earth, have our best wishes.

CENTRE PLANK ROAD.—We learned incidentally a day or two ago, that this road is completed and under toll 25 miles from town, in the neighborhood of the Hon. Lauchlin Bethune's; and that the Steam mill has been removed to the middle of the remaining 8 miles to Blue's Bridge, the dividing line between Cumberland and Richmond. The contractors, Messrs. Jones & Barbee, are under contract to finish those 8 miles by the 1st Jan'y next.

A turpentine distillery is going up in the neighborhood of Blue's Bridge, a finely timbered region, which is made valuable solely by the construction of this road.

What is Richmond county about? Will the wealthy merchants and planters of that county permit the road to stop at Blue's Bridge? Cumberland and Fayetteville, after building about 150 miles of plank roads in other directions, make 33 miles of the Centre road, to our county line. Will not Richmond carry it forward through that county? We hope so.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—The Chairman of the Board of Superintendents of the Common Schools and J. T. Warden, Esq., (the other member of the Committee, W. A. Huske, Esq., being absent,) have been closely engaged for the last three days in the examination of those applying to become Teachers.

In all cases certificates of moral character are required, and no one is examined who does not produce such certificate. Thus far, those examined have passed very satisfactorily.

No examinations will be held except on the days appointed by the Committee.

Notice of the time for the next examination will be given by the Chairman.

Certificates have been issued to the following persons: James A. Ferrell, James A. McRae, Peter Patterson, John R. Shaw, Roderick McCaskill, J. C. McLauchlin, Miss Mary A. McLauchlin, Neill McLeod, Daniel Campbell, David T. Averitt, James Smith, John Campbell, J. L. Ray, Miss Ann McCrummon, Malcom Smith, H. W. W. McDougald, Joseph G. Arey, William Salmon, Henry W. Horne, Elish B. Yarbrough, Robt A. Norden.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—The Literary Board has advertised the Fall Distribution. The neighboring Counties will receive as follows:

Anson, $893 04; Bladen, $722 16; Brunswick, 535 59; Chatham, $1444 95; Columbus, $477 72; Cumberland, $1370 07; Duplin, $999 99; Montgomery, $654 67; Moore, $894 68; Randolph, $1290 84; Richmond, $711 24; Robeson, $997 20; Sampson, $1107 99; Stanly, $571 32; Union, $833 22.

A PLEASANT IMPROVEMENT.—Having occasion to step into the Barber's shop of Mr. Jas. G. Smith, in the western tenement of the Fayetteville Hotel building, we were greatly surprised and gratified to see what a very neat and even elegant establishment Mr. Smith has fitted up. Besides his stock of fancy articles on sale, he has expended some hundreds of dollars in fixtures, for the comfort and gratification of his customers. He has a reading room attached, which has long been a great desideratum in this place. His shop is not equal to Phalon's celebrated one in New York, but it is as much superior to the generality of such establishments at the South as Phalon's is superior to others in New York. See Mr. Smith's advertisement.

A NEW FEATURE.—The Administration, not content with an alliance with free soil Locofocos, is now turning its attention to effecting something with the *Whig freesoilers*. It will probably surprise the Southern Locofocos to know that the Washington Union devotes a column of small type to praise of the New York Times, and extracts from that paper defending Mr. Guthrie's removal of Bronson. The Times is edited by Mr. H. J. Raymond, an abolitionist of the Greely school, who was turned out of the Courier & Enquirer office on that account.

HOW PIERCE CAME TO BE NOMINATED.—We copy a remarkable revelation of the scheming and trickery by which Gen. Pierce secured the nomination to the Presidency.

Poor human nature! Gen. Pierce secretly intrigued for months to obtain the nomination, and when it was secured he professed surprise, and grief, and reluctance to leave his quiet home, and such like humbuggery. What an absence of all honest faith towards Cass, and Douglas, and Buchanan! What a wretched system of deceit practised upon the Baltimore Convention and the people! Were the Virginia and North Carolina Delegates in that Convention made parties to the trick? or were they only used as puppets by the more artful New Hampshire delegates? Was Capt. Scott's letter, catechising the various candidates for the nomination, written by Pierce's advice as a part of the same intrigue, so as to entangle them all except himself, and thus render their nomination impossible and his own certain?

IMPORTANT POLITICAL DISCLOSURES.

How General Pierce obtained the Presidential Nomination.—The last number of the Old Guard, the paper in which the Hon. Edmund Burke of New Hampshire, wages war to the knife with Butterfield (of the Patriot,) George, and others of the Concord Junta, contains a remarkable article on the services which Mr. Burke rendered to General Pierce, having for their object the nomination of the latter to the Presidency. It is a curious exposition of intrigues and artful political manœuvres.

Mr. Burke says that for months before the Democratic National Convention met, he became convinced that neither Cass, Buchanan, nor Douglas could get the nomination, and that the convention would agree upon a compromise candidate, and he was satisfied that Pierce stood a better chance than any other man. "But his only chance, says Mr. Burke, "was to keep him out of the ring of competitors, who were sure to destroy each other." He then goes on to expose the wires which he set in operation to secure the nomination.

"For months (says he) before the Baltimore Convention, we took especial pains to see and converse with gentlemen upon the subject of the Presidential nomination. We took pains, on all occasions, to suggest the name of Gen. Pierce, as a compromise candidate, in the event that the Convention should not agree on either of the three prominent gentlemen above-named in connection with that office. We saw and conversed with from fifty to one hundred of the leading politicians of the Union upon the subject, on all occasions introducing the name of Gen. Pierce. After satisfying our own mind that Gen. Pierce could be nominated, we wrote to Gen. Pierce our views and opinions at length, expressing our belief that he could be nominated. He answered our letters.

"We also communicated the project of the friends of General Pierce to the shrewdest and ablest letter writer at Washington, and procured him to throw out in the papers to which he corresponded, the idea, that, in the event of a failure by the Convention to nominate either Cass, Buchanan or Douglas, General Pierce would be brought forward by his friends as a compromise candidate. That gentleman did as we requested, in several adroit and ingenious letters, published in the Philadelphia Ledger and Baltimore Sun, which were neutral papers, and therefore the best mediums through which to communicate such designs."

Mr Burke goes on to say that about four weeks before the Convention he came home and corresponded with General Pierce in relation to his nomination. The latter desired that the delegation from New Hampshire should meet at Concord to consider the matter, and requested Mr. Burke to write to some of the delegates and request their attendance. This Mr. Burke did, but was unable to attend the meeting himself. In a letter however he suggested a plan of operations. General Pierce replied to this letter, acknowledging its receipt, and stating that the delegates present concurred in its views. What that plan of operations was will appear presently.—Shortly after, Burke and General Pierce had an interview, at the request of the latter, and fully discussed the plan, which was carried out almost to the very letter at Baltimore.

In the following extract, Mr. Burke fully exposes the cunningly devised schemes which, under the artful management of shrewd politicians secured the nomination of General Pierce as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency:

"At that time General Pierce expressed his desire that our delegation should not cast its vote unanimously for any one candidate before the Convention. The reason he assigned was, that in consequence of the high character for fidelity to principle which the Democracy of New Hampshire enjoyed among their brethren of the Union, the united vote of her delegation, though small, would have a greater moral force than the votes of delegations much larger in numbers; and, if given for any leading candidate in the outset, would endanger the ultimate end we had in view.

"We then went to Baltimore, having some weeks previous engaged rooms for our entire delegation at the Eutaw House, one of the best hotels in that city. The Convention assembled, and throughout its session we exerted every energy to carry out the wishes of General Pierce. On some of the first ballots I gave my vote for Mr. Douglas, in accordance with what I knew was General P's express desire in regard to our delegation giving a united vote. Subsequently, we all united on Gen. Cass; and then we again divided, Mr. Atherton and myself voting for Mr. Buchanan, and our colleagues voting for General Butler, of Kentucky. At length, the delegation from Virginia introduced the name of Gen. Pierce, and then our delegation gave him a united vote until he was nominated. These facts the records of the Convention abundantly prove."

In continuation, Mr. Burke speaks of his own services after the nomination, and says among other things, that he, "in co-operation with an eminent and distinguished naturalized citizen, aided in inducing Kossuth to take ground in favor of the Democratic nominees, which he subsequently did."—*Phila. Inq.*

THE "DISGRACEFUL COALITION" between the Locofocos and Abolitionists in the Vermont Legislature has triumphed in the election of Robinson, Locofoco, as Governor, by 6 majority. We suppose the abolitionists will claim and receive their share of the spoils, in the office of U. S. Senator.

THE COTTON CROP.—It seems to be too early for estimates of the extent of the present crop of cotton. In this State, our information inclines us to think that it will be decidedly short.

The first killing frost at the South occurred on the night of the 24th inst. Letters from as far South as La Grange, Georgia, state that all cotton was killed perfectly dead, and that the crop would be materially cut off.

Previous accounts from Alabama were variable; some indicating a fine crop, others a short one, and others still an average.

From Texas, a Brazos paper says that the crop of that county will be very light.

PREACHING AND PRACTICE.—The Southern Locofoco papers have made much of a letter from Postmaster General Campbell to Col. Thomas H. Benton, declining to appoint a Mr. Watson Postmaster at St. Louis, because he, the Secretary, *had heard* that Mr. Watson was a Van Buren man in 1848. This is Mr. Campbell's preaching *at the South*.

His *practice*, at the North, is clearly shown up by the following list of *known* free soilers appointed by this same Campbell to Post Offices in New York, and published by the New York Express:

Isaac V. Fowler, New York,	Free soiler.
H. J. Sedgwick, Syracuse,	Free soiler.
J. G. Dickey, Buffalo, (Marcy's right hand man,)	Soft shell.
E. O. Ross, Auburn,	Free soiler.
John J. Anable, Hudson,	Free soiler and Anti renter.
Pease, Poughkeepsie,	Soft shell.
Tiffany, Utica,	Soft shell.
Miller, Seneca Falls,	Free soiler.
Cheesebro, Canandaigua,	Free soiler.
Torrence, Lockport,	Free soiler.
A. T. Drake, Lersy,	Free soiler.
Arthur S. Johnson, Ithaca,	Soft shell.
Hiram A. Beebe, Oswego,	Free soiler.
Luke Balevin, Ogdensburg,	Free soiler.
U. M. Johnson, Little Falls,	Soft shell.
C. S. Moers, Plattsburg,	Soft shell.
Dr. Hall, Whitehall,	Soft shell.
Josiah Costetine, Jr., Newburg,	Soft shell.
Luke Dodge, Schenectady,	Free soiler.
Foster Bosworth, Troy,	Soft shell.
Samuel de Wolfe, Bridgewater,	Free soiler.
Henry J. Sickles, Albion,	Free soiler.

The last named individual was removed from office by President Polk, because he was a free soiler. He has been restored by the present Administration.

Mr. Campbell is but a type of the Administration, whose members seem to think that it is only necessary to gull the South with patriotic letters and speeches, whilst they bestow patronage upon our enemies.

THE BRONSON AFFAIR.—We have copied, in another column, the spirit of the New York press, Whig, Locofoco, and Neutral, on the high handed conduct of the Administration in removing the Collector of that port for the crime of refusing to appoint as many free soilers as Mr. Guthrie wished to the subordinate offices in the Custom House. It will be seen that there is scarcely a dissenting voice on the subject. Nearly all the papers condemn the Administration.—And we shall not be surprised if the great body of its supporters in this matter be found, strange as it will be, in the South. It is a case in which as American citizens, and much more as citizens of the South, men of all parties ought to stand up in rebuke of the shameless conduct of Secretary Guthrie and his associates.

There are signs that the country is becoming heartily sick of the present Cabinet, and will not much longer tolerate its existence. The N. Y. Herald, which is considered as having done far more than any other paper to secure the election of Pierce, calls loudly for the dismissal of the Cabinet; and the new Locofoco paper in Washington, the Sentinel, argues the question as merely one of time—that it would not be possible, just on the eve of the assembling of Congress, to have the places of the Secretaries so filled as to prepare the requisite Reports. What the N. Y. National Democrat thinks will be seen from the quotations we make from it.

ALL ALIKE.—Mr. Bronson, late Collector of New York, has written another letter, in reply to Secretary Davis, in which he denies that he "never had any opinions or associations on the side of free-soilism," and adds that he was a firm supporter of Cass and decided opponent of Van Buren in 1848.

Whereupon the Washington Union republishes a letter written by Bronson in July 1848, to a committee who asked him to address a meeting in the Park in favor of Van Buren, which Bronson only declined because he was a Judge and had therefore refrained from active participation in party politics. But he gave utterance to the most thorough free soil sentiments, and never once intimated to the committee that he was opposed to Van Buren and in favor of Cass. He is like the rest of the Northern Locofocos, quite ready to go with either party, as circumstances might require. We have no confidence in any of them.

But, the Postmaster General has said, that the Administration would not appoint a man to office who had supported Van Buren in 1848. The Union is now engaged in showing that Bronson did so; and yet Bronson was appointed to an influential and lucrative office.

CHANGE OF TUNE.—About a year ago the New York Locofocos were held up by the Wilmington Journal as a little the best people and best friends of the South in the country. *Now* it accuses these men of dishonesty, of selfishness, of attempting to plunder the treasury, of wanting "big mail contracts, jobs, loans, transfers, &c.," and of abusing the President and Mr. Guthrie because they are not allowed to plunder the treasury.

The Journal also accuses Judge Bronson of attempting, whilst on the Supreme Court Bench, "to overslangh the constitution of New York in the matter of the Erie canal speculations."

Now if the Journal's accusation be true, (we know nothing about it) why did not the Journal attack the Administration for appointing so bad a man to office? Why did it not blaze out against Judge Bronson whilst in power instead of abusing him when he is down? If Judge Bronson is unfit to be trusted with public money *now* on account of his acts as Judge, was he any the less unfit six months ago? Assuredly not.

The Journal might be quite as well employed in apologising to the people of the South for leaguing itself last year with such a set of swindlers as it represents its New York brethren to be, as in abusing them. For it is to the Southern Locofoco press that the people are indebted for placing such swindlers in power.

We learn from the Greensborough Patriot that about 25 acres of land were sold in lots of half an acre and an acre in the new town at the crossing of the plank road and railroad in Guilford, the prices paid being from $29 to $302, and the whole amount realized by Mr. Kendall, the owner, being about $2,900. Before the location of the roads the lands would not have brought more than from $1 to $3 per acre.

Putnam's Magazine, for November, is at hand. We are indebted to the publishers for a copy. Subscribers and others may find copies at the Book store.

MARRIED,

In this vicinity, on the 27th inst., by Rev. Samuel M. Frost, Mr. DANIEL McRAE to Mrs. MARY V. REVEL.

On the 25th inst., in this county, on Black River, by S. R. Hawley, Esq., Mr. MALCOM McALPHIN to Miss MARY McMILLAN; all of this county.

On the 27th inst., at Rockingham, Richmond county, by the Rev. E. E. Freeman, the Rev. ROBT S. LEDBETTER to Miss MARTHA JANE STEELE, youngest daughter of Robt J. Steele, Esq.

Near Lumberton, on the 21st instant, by Rev. J. B. Martin, Mr. W. B. HALL, formerly of Fayetteville, to Miss SARAH CALDWELL, second daughter of Benj. Caldwell, Esq., of Lumberton.

In Duplin county, on the 13th inst., by N. B. Whitfield, Esq., JOHN MALLARD, of Jones county, to Miss VIANA JONES, daughter of David Jones, Esq., of Duplin.

In Wilmington, on the 18th inst., by Rev. Wm. H. Bobbitt, Mr. E. A. MOTT of that place, to Miss SOPHIE ROBESON, formerly of Bladen.

In Columbus county, on the 19th inst., by E. D. Richardson, Esq. Mr. ISAAC G. LONG, of Horry Dist. S. C., to Miss INGABO B., daughter of Col. John Gore.

DIED,

In Bladen county, on the 23d ultimo, Mrs. LUCY G. MUNROE, wife of the Rev. H. A. Munroe, and daughter of Isaac Wright, Esq., in the 40th year of her age.

Though sudden and unexpected was her summons, it came to one whose preparations for eternity had begun in early life, and the strength of whose better days had been given to the service of her Father in Heaven.

Devoted as a wife and mother, dutiful and affectionate to her parents, warm-hearted and generous in all her friendships, she sustained in all the relations of life, a character for that fidelity and purity of purpose, which belong most to the christian character. And all the energies of a sound mind and a discriminating judgment had been directed to the cultivation of those kindly affections of the heart, which soften the asperities of our nature, and make us better than we are. It is earnestly hoped and believed, that she has gone only to meet the christian's reward.—[Com.

At Augusta, Geo., on the 20th inst., after a short illness of congestion of the brain, JOHN SPRINGS, Esq. of Charlotte, N. C., in the 71st year of his age.

In Bladen county, on the 17th inst., from the effects of a wound received on the head by a limb being thrown back by a falling tree, Mr. DAVID C. HADDOCK, a respected youth and peaceable citizen, about 22 years of age. He was a Son of Temperance for several years past, and a true advocate of the cause up to his death. He left a father, mother, one sister, two brothers, many relations and friends to mourn his loss.

The youth are being taken.
The aged left behind,
To endure the troubles
Of a distressed mind.

[Com.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 28 and 29—Strs. Alice, and Fanny Lutterloh, (Lutterloh's Line,) with good for Amberg & Co, D. & W. McLaurin, T. J. Johnson, R. W. Kinlaw, J. G. Cook, M. W. Jessup, Stedman & Horne, H. & E. J. Lilly, H. A. London & Co, C. W. Andrews, G. & Little, Council & Cain, H. L. Myrover, L. S. Crittenden, P. P. Johnson, T. S. Lutterloh, J. W. S. Crawson.

NOTICE. The Telegraph Office is closed for the present, on account of the illness of the operator. It will be re-opened as soon as assistance can be obtained. Oct. 31, 1853.

Fayetteville & Western P. R. Office,
OCTOBER 29, 1853.

ALL persons whose notes are unpaid are requested to pay them by the 20th November. The Company cannot give longer indulgence. The money is wanted and must be collected.

40-2w] EDW'D LEE WINSLOW, President.
Carolinian copy.

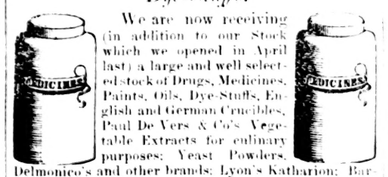
FLUID, CAMPHINE, AND OIL.

BURNING FLUID, price 80 cents.
Camphine, " 80 "
Pure Sperm Oil, " $1 50
Lamp Oil, " 1 25
Sperm Candles, Train Oil
Rape Seed Oil, for machinery
Linseed Oil, Castor Oil.
Cod Liver Oil, Sweet Oil

For sale by SAML. J. HINSDALE.
Oct. 31, 1853. 40-3

FRESH SUPPLY

Of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye-Stuffs.



We are now receiving (in addition to our Stock which we opened in April last) a large and well selected stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, English and German Crucibles, Paul De Vers & Co's Vegetable Extracts for culinary purposes; Yeast Powders, Delmonico's and other brands; Lyon's Katharion; Barry's Tricopherous; Ayer's Cherry Pectoral; Witheral & Bro's White Lead; Burning Fluid and Pine Oil.

Also, DeGuinon's celebrated Non-explosive Lamp, the light from which, in point of brilliancy and economy, is unequalled.

Buyers would do well to give us a call before making their purchases, as we will sell at a small advance on cost. Particular attention given to packing.

FOULKES & MACRAE.
Corner of Donaldson and Hay streets.
Next door west of H. & E. J. Lilly.
October 28, 1853. 40tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In the County Court.

John W. Pearce, Administrator of John W. Howell, vs. the Heirs at Law of said John W.

Petition to sell Real Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Heirs at Law of John W. Howell, to be and appear before the Justices of our said Court, at Fayetteville, on the 1st Monday of December, to answer to the said Petition, or the same will be heard ex parte.

Witness, John McLaurin, Clerk of our said Court, at Office at Fayetteville, the 31st of October 1853.

40tSD] JOHN McLAURIN.

All persons owing me by Note or Account are requested to call and settle before 10th of November, or they will have to settle with Officers.

PAT'K MONTAGUE.
Fayetteville, Oct. 26, 1853. 1tpd

$25 Reward.

LOST, between Lamberton and my residence near Lumber Bridge, Robeson county, on the 2d July last, a clasp POCKET BOOK, containing about One Hundred and Twelve Dollars. My name was not in the Book, unless on some tax receipts. It contained $100 in ten dollar bills, on the Bank of Fayetteville; two five dollar bills, Bank not recollected; with some loose change. I will give the above reward to the person finding the Book and Money, and sending it to me, or leaving it where I can get it. Any information concerning it thankfully received.

MALCOM P. CURRIE.
Lumber Bridge, Oct. 28, 1853. 40-2t*

NOTICE.

HAVING purchased the stock of Materiel on hand at the Shop formerly owned by Mr. E. Fuller, and having engaged the services of Mr. J. C. Lally, whose work gives such general and entire satisfaction, I am now prepared to execute all orders for Timber Wagons, Road Wagons, Carts, Drays, Wheelbarrows, &c.

I have on hand and will constantly keep a good supply of Iron Axles, Chains, Bolts, and in short every thing that the Wagon-maker can need.

Timber Wagons, with the improved Iron Axles, made to order at the shortest notice.

I have 10 good and competent Workmen at the business, and will give it my whole and undivided attention.

My prices shall be as moderate as the times will admit, and I will challenge any Wagon-maker in the United States to equal my work either in point of style or durability. THOS. C. FULLER.
Oct. 26, 1853. 39tf

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET—Oct. 31

BACON—	8 a 9	MOLASSES—	
BEESWAX—	25 a	Cuba,	26 a 28
CANDLES—E F	16 a 17	New Orleans,	37½ a 40
Adamantine	30 a 35	NAILS—	5½ a 6
Sperm,	50 a	OILS—Linseed,	80 a
COFFEE—Rio,	12 a 13	Tanners',	60 a 70
Laguira,	12½ a 13½	SALT—	
St. Domingo,	10 a 11	Liv'p. (sack,)	2 00 a 2 25
COTTON—		Alum, (bu.)	a
Strictly prime,	9 a	SEED—	
Prime,	8¾ a	Flaxseed,	1 00 a 1 10
Fair,	8½ a	Clover, per lb.	12½ a 15
COTTON BAGGING—		SHOT—	
Gunny,	13 a 15	Com., pr bag,	2 00 a
Dundee,	12 a 14	Buck,	2 25 a
Burlaps,	10 a 12	SPIRITS—	
COTTON YARNS—		Peach Brandy,	50 a 60
No. 5 to 10,	17 a 18	Apple "	45 a 50
DOMESTIC GOODS—		N. C. Whiskey,	35 a 40
Brn. Sheetings,	7½ a 8	Northern "	a
Osnaburgs,	9½ a 10	N. E. Rum,	40 a
FEATHERS—	40 a	Jamaica Rum,	$2 a 2 50
FLOUR—		Fr. Brandy,	$2 a 3 00
Superfine,	a 6 00	American Gin,	30 a 40
Fine,	5 75 a	Holland do.,	1 50 a 2 00
Scratched,	5 25 a	SUGAR—	
GRAIN—		Loaf,	11 a 12
Corn,	a 75	Crushed,	10 a 11
Wheat,	95 a	St. Croix,	9 a
Oats,	50 a	Porto Rico,	7 a 9
Peas,	75 a 80	New Orleans,	6 a 8
Rye,	90 a 100	TALLOW—	10 a
HIDES—Dry,	7 a 8	TOBACCO—	
Green,	3 a 4	Leaf,	none.
IRON—		Manufactured,	8 a 15
Sweden, co. bar,	5 a	WHITE LEAD	$2¼ a 2 50
Ditto, wide,	6 a	WINDOW GLASS—	
English,	4 a	8 x 10,	2¼ a 2¾
LARD—	10 a 11	10 x 12,	2¾ a
LEAD—	8½ a 9	WOOL—	a

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Bacon.—The receipts are not quite as large as some weeks ago, but the stock on hand is large.

Cotton.—The market may now be considered as firm. All good is taken quick at 9, and occasional sales at a slight advance on that figure.

Corn sells readily at 75 cts.

Rye.—Very small receipts and considerable amount wanted. Sold on Saturday at 1 00.

Wool.—The receipts are so small that it is hardly worth quoting. When it begins to come in again we will resume quotation.

Spirits and Turpentine without change. the former 55, the latter 3 10.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Turpentine sales made readily and steady at $3 75 for virgin and yellow dip. Transactions in Spirits limited; sales 765 bbls at 28. Common Rosin $1 45. Tar dull at $2 15. Mullets $5 50. N C Bacon very dull, hams 12 to 12½, shoulders 9 to 10, hog round 9 to 10. Fay super Flour held at $6 50 to $6 75. 28 bales fair Cotton at 8½. Sack salt 1 40. Timber, four rafts $8 50, $11 50, $11 75.

At Charleston, cotton 7 to 9¼, in good demand; decline of ¼ to ½ during the week. Flour 6 87 to 7. Salt 1 35.

At Cheraw, cotton 8 to 9, sales of the week 300 bales. Corn 75. Bacon plenty at 8 to 8½.

At Columbia, cotton 7 to 8 81-100.

At New York, on Wednesday last, 3000 bales cotton at ¼ to ½ advance. On Friday, 1,500 bales at firm rates. Flour 6 44 to 7. Wheat 1 57 to 1 60.

At New Orleans, middling cotton 9¼ to 9¾.

Total receipts of cotton, 171,945 bales, against 334,685 last year. Decrease 162,738.

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

C. W. VAN HORN'S

IMPROVED ELASTIC

SHOULDER BRACE, OR CHEST EXPANDER.

The only Brace manufactured that does not Bind or Chafe under the Arms, and can be worn with both ease and comfort.

CLERKS, Students, Seamstresses, Children of both Sexes, and all others, who, either from habit or occupation, or from a weakly or debilitated constitution, have acquired the habit of bending forward, (round shouldered) and compressing the Chest and Lungs, will find these Braces superior to any heretofore manufactured, to remove the above defects, as they relieve all compression, and allow a full, free and healthy action and expansion of the Lungs, so that at each inspiration the Lungs can be fully inflated, strengthening the pulmonary organs, and preventing all diseases of a pulmonary character. For Children they are invaluable, as whilst they are growing is the proper time to correct their figure.

IMPROVED ELASTIC UTERO ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, for Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, highly recommended by the Medical Faculty.

MARSHES AND HULLS TRUSSES.

For sale by J. N. SMITH, Druggist.
Oct. 28, 1853. 40-tf

RED SPRINGS, *Robeson County.*

Lots at Auction.

ON the first day of December next, I will offer for sale several BUILDING LOTS, containing 1¼ acres each, situated from 300 to 500 yards from the Springs. Any person wishing a pleasant and healthy Summer residence, and the benefit of as good Springs as the State affords, might do well to attend the sale.

The sale will take place on the premises at 1 o'clock on that day. Terms ninety days.

M. C. McNEILL.
Red Springs, Oct. 25, 1853. 40*2t
Carolinian copy.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his LANDS, six miles North of Fayetteville and about one mile from the Fayetteville and Raleigh Plank Road, consisting of about **1260 acres of Land,** suited to the making of Turpentine or Timber. There are on the premises a good saw and grist mill, all in good repair and now in operation; also a dwelling, and all the necessary out-houses, in good repair.

Also, another tract of two hundred and fifty acres, on the head waters of Carver's Creek, known as the Tarry Place, on which there is a small farm, a dwelling house and other houses.

On the first named tract there are cut about twenty-five thousand Turpentine boxes, from two to four years old.

All the above lands will be sold on the most accommodating terms. Persons wishing to purchase will please call on the subscriber, who will take pleasure in showing the above lands.

WM. R. BOLTON.
Oct. 27, 1853. 40tf

New Store & New Goods.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to his acquaintances and the public generally, that he has taken a Store on the South side of the Market Square, next door to Mr. Draughon's corner, where he will be pleased at any time to see them.

His Stock consists of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; also, a fine assortment of Bonnets, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Ready-made Clothing,

And many other articles too tedious to mention.

HENRY N. MONROE
Oct. 24, 1853. 39-3m

Improvement in the Dental Art.

DR. ALLEN, of Cincinnati, has recently obtained a patent for a new method of inserting Artificial Teeth, by which many objections heretofore complained of are obviated. The discovery consists in the use of a mineral composition, by which the teeth and gums are fused in one entire mass, so firmly to the plate as to exclude the possibility of even the slightest moisture getting between them; adding strength, cleanliness, and a delicacy of finish with an appearance so perfectly life-like, that it seems scarcely possible to be improved. The plates used in this method are Platina. As Platina possesses equal if not greater purity than fine gold, it will more effectually resist the actions of the secretions of the mouth than metals of less purity.

I have obtained an office right for the use of Dr. Allen

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having changed his former business, will be found at the Store on North-East corner of Market Square, recently occupied by Mr Hugh Graham. All persons indebted to him are earnestly requested to call on him promptly and settle. D. CLARK.

THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership, under the name and style of Clark & Woodward, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailoring Business, in connection with the sale of Ready Made Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Their stock was selected with great care by one of the firm in New York, and is now ready for examination.

D. CLARK.
A. J. WOODWARD.

sept. 2, 1853. 2w 20

MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING.

Mrs. Walton

IS now receiving her Fall and Winter MILLINERY, consisting of Bonnets, from one dollar to fifteen. Dress Caps. Handkerchiefs. French Artificial Flowers and Feathers. Swiss Edgings and Insertings. Capes. Collars and Undersleeves. Ladies' and Children's Wrist Gloves, and long and short Mitts; a new and beautiful stock of Dress Trimmings of the latest style. Velvet and Silk Mantillas. Ruffway Corsets. Whalebone Busks. Dresses, Mantillas, and Cloaks made in the latest Philadelphia and New York styles.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Oct. 5, 1852. 3m

North Carolina Cassimeres.

MR. JAMES G. COOK has on hand a full stock of Rock Island Cassimeres, manufactured by Cartan, Young & Grier, at their Mill in Mecklenburg County, N. C., where customers and merchants can be supplied. The manufacturers recommend their fabrics as being equal in durability, and as permanent in color as any goods of similar character manufactured on this side the Atlantic. They invite the most full and thorough tests of them, and only ask to be patronized in proportion to their merits.

Sept. 26. 27tf

NEW GOODS.

Various—that the mind of discretion may, Its choice of change and pleased with variety, May be indeed.

WE have received our FALL STOCK of GOODS, comprising a better selected and more general assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS.

than has ever been offered in this market.

Our stock of Glass, China, Crockery of every description, is complete. Also, Carpeting, Rugs, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, almost every article in the house furnishing line. Kitchen furniture, Table and Bed Linen, Negro Kersey, may be found. Every article of Grocery with the stock, Hardware and Cutlery, suitable to the country trade.

ALSO

A general assortment of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Segars, Other Wines of Distinction. Dye Stuffs and Drugs. Fine Teas, &c. In fact we can say without boasting, that we have assortments of Goods, that we feel confident they will find good advocates to recommend the prices, either at wholesale or retail.

SAMUEL W. TILLINGHAST & CO.

Oct. 1, 1853. 3m

WANTED.

20,000 BEES. Turpentine, delivered at my Distillery, at this place, for which the highest price will be paid.

I would also employ two or three good Turpentine Barrel Coopers.

D. W. ROGERS.

Lumberton, N. C., Feby 20, 1853. 38tf

Fall and Winter Stock For 1853.

THE subscriber has just received and opened, at his New Store, on the East side of Green street, a few doors from the Market House and nearly opposite his Old Stand, a large Stock of

Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS.

Embracing a general assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dress Goods, consisting in part of Shawls, Cloaks and Mantillas, some very fine; and also a good assortment of SHOES AND BOOTS, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Girls, Boys and Children. And the best assortment of Silk and other styles of BONNETS he has ever offered to the public.

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Pepper, Spices, and Tobacco, a fine article.

P. SHEMWELL.

October 6, 1853. 3tf

WANTED.

12 OR **15** GOOD CARPENTERS, to whom I will give fair prices. Apply immediately to the subscriber.

J. RUDISILL.

Charlotte, Oct. 1, 1853. 3t-81

NOTICE.

DOCTORS Mallett & McSwain having left their Books and papers with W. McL. McKay, who is fully authorised to receipt for the same, all their customers living West of the Cape Fear River, who may be in arrears either by note or account, will confer a favor by calling on him and settling the same.

W. P. MALLETT
H. A. McSWAIN

Fayetteville, Aug. 30, 1853. 24tf

CHEAP GOODS.

I am now receiving a much larger stock of

Fancy Dry Goods,

than I have yet offered in Fayetteville, consisting of Dry Goods of every description, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Ready-made Clothing, which will be sold as low as any goods in the State.

I will be glad to have the ladies call and examine my stock.

W. F. MOORE.

Sept. 17, 1853. 3tf

Fall & Winter Stock

BOOTS & SHOES.

WE are receiving a large stock of Boots & Shoes, embracing every variety of style and quality adapted to the season's trade.

ALSO,

Calf, Goat, Lining and Binding Skins, Lasts, Sparables, Shoe Pegs, and Findings of all kinds. Which we offer very low for cash, or on time to prompt customers.

S. T. HAWLEY & SON.

Sept. 29, 1853. 3t-6w

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

THE ACCOMMODATION LINE from Fayetteville to Warsaw is now prepared to carry passengers with despatch. They will connect with the morning train going North. This train connects with the Portsmouth and Petersburg route at Weldon. I will make the connection both ways, CERTAIN—more than the stage has done heretofore. We leave Warsaw on arrival of the morning train from the North. Passage $4.

J. B. ASKEW.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

1853.

Fall and Winter Goods.

THE undersigned are now receiving a LARGE stock of Goods, consisting of a full assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dress Goods; a large supply of Ready-made Clothing; Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes; Saddlery; Hardware; Groceries; Drugs and Medicines;

With a great many other kinds of Goods, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

J. T. COUNCIL & CAIN.

Sept. 1, 1853. 24-2m

P. S. Persons who have been indebted to us for one year or more will please pay up.

HOTEL.

THE subscriber having purchased the Hotel situated on the South-East corner of Court House Square, and lately known as Stuart's Hotel, would inform the public that he is now ready to accommodate boarders by the day, week or month. Having made considerable outlay in furnishing and refitting the Establishment, he hopes to be able to give satisfaction to all who patronize him. His Table shall be furnished with the best the market affords, his Bar with the best of Liquors, and his Stable with a plenty of good provender and faithful ostlers.

J. A. GILCHRIST.

June 26, 1852. 3-tf

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are receiving the largest stock of Goods we ever offered in this market, consisting in great varieties of

Hats and Caps.
Boots and Shoes.
Saddlery and Leather.
Hardware and Cutlery.
Wood and Iron Hollow Ware.
Bagging and Rope.
Cotton and Hemp Rope, ½ to 1½ inches.
Carpenters', Blacksmiths' and Coopers' Tools.
Nail Iron and Steel.
Ready-Made Clothing.
Staple Dry Goods. And
Groceries.

All these goods we want to exchange for Produce. Cash, or to RE-ENSURE WEN on time.

J. & T. WADDELL.
Hay Street.

Sept. 18, 1853. 29tf

Country Merchants will please call and examine our stock. J. & T. W.

THE LARGEST

SILK, RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

Thomas G. Stearns.

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

SILKS, MILLINERY, AND FANCY GOODS.

At Net Cash Prices—time granted by addition of interest.

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in Store and is daily receiving and offering at the Lowest Prices, a complete assortment of GOODS IN HIS LINE, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks; Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings; Bonnet Ribbons; Taffeta and Satin Ribbons; Dress Trimmings of all kinds; Embroideries; French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats; Gloves of all kinds; Silk Lace Mitts; Bareges, Laces; White Goods, Hosiery, L. C. Handkerchiefs.

The undersigned would invite Merchants from the North, South, East and West, when in the City, to favor him with a call and examine his stock before purchasing.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,
162 Broadway,
Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y.

July 15, 1853. 6d-Ypd

At Reduced Prices.

Rifles, Shot-Guns, Pistols, &c.

EDWARD K. TRYON,

131 No. 2nd St., PHILADELPHIA.

MANUFACTURER and Importer of Rifles, Shot Guns, Pistols, Flasks, Shot Pouches, Rifle Locks, Barrels, and materials for Gun Makers use.

Dealers will find it to their interest to examine qualities and prices of my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

July, 1853. 11-6m

Professor Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous or Medicated Compound for Beautifying, Curing, Preserving, Restoring and Strengthening the Hair. Relieving Diseases of the Skin, Curing Rheumatic Pains, and Healing External wounds. Founded on no geographical lines, the reputation of Barry's Tricopherous pervades the Union. The sales of the article of late years have increased in a ratio that cannot exceed belief. Professor Barry, after a careful examination of his sales books, finds that the quantity of bottles delivered to order, or quantities of, from half a dozen upwards during the year 1852 was within a trifle of 60,000.

It is unnecessary to present at length the evidences of the wonderful properties of the Tricopherous when the public have for a period of six months or more had an opportunity of testing its merits. The elasticity of the curls and tresses produced by the chemical action upon the hair of the article, and its application in all cases of superficial irritation, first recommended it to the attention of the people. This was all that the inventor desired. Every bottle advertised itself. The effects of the first exceeded expectation. Deeded it was a charm. The orders would flow in with the first. Monthly dealers in every section of the United States found them, as it were, and then would push it wholesale with a rapidity heretofore unheard of as regards articles of the kind. The highest point has not yet been reached, and it is believed that the sales this year will be a million and a half of bottles.

Depot and Manufactory, No. 122 Broadway, New York. Retail price, 25 cents a large bottle.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity. Sold by all the principal merchants and druggists throughout the United States and Canada, Mexico, West Indies, Great Britain, France, &c. And by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C.

6m-Sept

DR. STRONG'S

COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS.

THESE Pills are entirely Vegetable, and are a most superior Medicine in the cure of all Bilious Complaints, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fevers of all kinds, Loss of Appetite, Obstructed and painful Menstruation, and all lingering diseases.

As a Female Medicine they act like a charm, and when taken according to the directions, they never fail to cure very worst cases of **Piles**, after all other remedies fail.

They purify the blood, equalize the circulation, restore the Liver, Kidneys, and other Secretory Organs to a healthy tone and action; and as an Anti-Bilious Family Medicine they have no equal. Price 25 cents per box.

—1Y80—

DR. STRONG'S

PECTORAL STOMACH PILLS.

A remedy for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Erysipelas, Disease of the Heart, Inflammation and Pain in the Chest, Back and Side, and all diseases arising from a deranged state of the Stomach, and to relieve the distress and bad feeling from eating too hearty food, in weak and dyspeptic habits.

Warranted to be Purely Vegetable.

THESE Pills act as an Expectorant, Tonic, and Aperient. One 25 cent box possesses three times more power to cure diseases than a one dollar bottle of any of the Syrups, Balsams, or Sarsaparillas, that was ever made, and a simple trial of only one box will prove this important truth.

They promote Expectoration, loosen the Phlegm, and clear the Lungs and other Secretory Organs of all morbid matter, and there is not another remedy in the whole Materia Medica capable of imparting such healing properties to the Lungs and Vital Organs as these Pills. **They cure Costiveness, produce a good regular Appetite, and strengthen the System.**

Price 25 cts. per box, containing 25 doses of medicine.

Call on the Agents who sell the Pills, and get the "Planter's Almanac" gratis, giving full particulars and certificates of cures.

Both kinds of the above-named Pills are for sale in Fayetteville by S. J. Hinsdale, and J. N. Smith; who also keep a supply of *Dr. Spencer's Vegetable Pills*, and *Dr. Hall's Celebrated Pills*, which stop the Chills and Fever the first day, and do not sicken the stomach or operate on the bowels. [16-Y]

A Letter to be Read and Thought upon.

THE East, West and North have spoken, now speaks the South—the sunny South—Hear the tribute given by one of her sons in his 74th year. Can there be any mind so prejudiced as not to yield to such a mass of testimony daily given in favor of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, in every hamlet, village and city, where it has found its way? Grateful hearts speak its praise.

CHESTER DISTRICT, South Carolina, January 3d, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: For the last five years I have been a severe sufferer from Rheumatism, seeing your recommendation of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, I purchased a bottle and the first dose has so much relieved me that I consider it but justice to give to the suffering world the result of the application.

Mine was acute Rheumatism in the back—so bad that I was confined to my bed for the last six months. The first bottle acted like a charm; the second restored strength to my poor afflicted back and I am now as well and feel as young as when I was sixteen. I am now seventy four years of age.

I consider your Tincture the greatest discovery of the age and poor suffering humanity, ought to erect a monument to Dr. Hampton, who has saved thousands from pain. And you, gentlemen, have acted the part of public benefactors in disseminating the benefits which have resulted from your invaluable Tincture.

I am a plain cotton planter, and have never written for literary fame, but when my fellow beings are afflicted, shall I hesitate, or, through modesty, withhold any information valuable to my fellow man? So if you consider this worthy of a place in any of your newspapers, you are at liberty, to make use of it.

ALVAH KEMBALL.

Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, by its mild action on the Stomach, Liver and the Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung Affections, Pains in the Back, Side and Breast, Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaints, Worms, Nervous Debility—with all diseases arising from impure blood, and is the greatest Female Medicine ever known.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Diarrhoea, and all diseases incident to the bowels in the summer season it has no equal.

Sold Wholesale and retail by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, C. & D. DePRE, Wilmington, MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally. 6-Y

TURPENTINE WANTED.

WE will pay until further notice, the highest cash price for Turpentine.

McLAURIN & STRANGE.

August 29, 1853. 28-tf

BUTTER.

75 FIRKINS *prime* Mountain Butter
Cranberries.

GEO. McNEILL & CO.

Oct. 17. 3tf

LAURINBURGH HIGH SCHOOL,

RICHMOND COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

THIS large and flourishing Institution is now permanently established, under a full corps of well qualified Instructers, and with every thing requisite for a first class Seminary, being well supplied with Maps, Geographical and Astronomical Globes, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.

The Semi-Annual Sessions of five months commence on the second Monday of January and July respectively. Circulars, containing full particulars, will be furnished by applying to Rev. J. Jones Smyth, A. M., Principal, Laurel Hill P. O., Richmond county, N. C., or to

D. C. McINTYRE, Secretary.

October 14, 1853. 3tY

BANK OF CAPE FEAR,

OCTOBER 12th, 1853.

DIVIDEND. The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of Four per cent., payable to the Stockholders at the Principal Bank and Branches on and after the 1st November next.

3tdN] H. R. SAVAGE, Cashier

PERFUMERY, &c.

J. N. SMITH has just received and offers for sale a select stock of Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, &c., consisting of the following, viz:

Genuine Farina Cologne, (pints and half-pints); Bay Water; Lubins Extr. for the Handkerchief; Bandoline, Ox Marrow Pomades; Macassar and Bears Oil, Old Brown Windsor; Low's Honey, Palm, Castile and Fancy Soaps; Military Shaving, Barber's Blocks and Shaving Cream; Westenholm's Razors; English and French Hair, Flesh, Nail and Tooth Brushes; Badger and fine Bristle Shaving Brushes; Buffalo, English Horn, Fine Ivory and Infant's Combs; Pearl, Ivory and Russian Leather Porte Monnies; Bohemian Cologne Bottles; Cut Glass Pungents, Otto Rose, Lip Salve, Powder Puffs, Toilet Powder, Meen Fan; Lily White, Chalk Balls, Phalon's and Roussel's Hair Dye; Preston Salts; Mouth Aromas; Indelible Ink, &c. Also, superior Cologne in Bottles or by the quart.

Oct. 17. 3t-tf

GROCERIES.

I have on hand for sale

50 bags Rio and Java COFFEE.
5 Hhds. Clarified and Brown SUGAR.
Also crushed and Loaf Sugar.
240 sacks Liverpool Salt.
20 boxes Candles.
10 boxes assorted Candies.

A good supply of Tea, Pepper, Ginger, Starch, Soap, Rope, Bagging, Leather, Flour, Bacon and every article kept in the Grocery line.

W. I. MOORE.

Oct. 12, 1853. 2-3w

FAYETTEVILLE

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is now organized and prepared to receive applications for Insurance, on as favorable terms as other Companies.

DIRECTORS

HENRY LILLY	AVON E. HALL
H. L. MYROVER	J. G. SHEPHERD
THOS. S. LUTTERLOH	WM. WARDEN
JOHN H. COOK	S. T. HAWLEY
D. A. RAY	JOHN D. WILLIAMS
A. A. McKETHAN	C. BENBOW
GEO. McNEILL	WM. McLAURIN
NATHAN A. STEDMAN	WM. McINTYRE
JAMES KYLE	

OFFICERS

GEO. McNEILL, President
H. L. MYROVER, Vice President
J. G. SHEPHERD, Attorney
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.
GEO. McNEILL, }
JOHN H. COOK, } Executive Committee
JAS. KYLE. }

The plan of MUTUAL INSURANCE must commend itself to our community, for it can be demonstrated that we have saved within the last six years upwards of $30,000 by insurance in the North Carolina Mutual Company, that is, we should have paid to have kept the same insurance in the foreign joint stock companies that sum more than we have actually paid, and yet the North Carolina Mutual Company has received between $5000 and $6000 more from our community than it has paid out for losses here, showing that we are favorably situated, as compared with other places in the State, for Insurance.

Our Company has gone into operation favorably, having the day we organised applications to the amount of $150,000, and the Company is now placed upon a firm footing.

Any Director, authorised Agent, or Secretary, may receive Applications, but they will not be binding until approved by the Executive Committee or the Board.

GEO. W. LAWRENCE is appointed General Agent of the Company. We invite applications.

GEO. McNEILL, Pres't.

C. A. McMILLAN, Sec'y.

Feby 7, 1853. 34tf

Fayetteville Hotel.

JOHN HARMAN

Respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed from the Hotel at the foot of Haymount to the larger and more commodious Hotel in the centre of the Town, recently occupied by Mrs. Brown, and well known as the Fayetteville Hotel, where he will be happy to accommodate Travellers and Boarders. No exertions of himself and family will be spared to render those comfortable who may favor him with their company.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 3, 1853. 200tf

D. & W. McLAURIN

ARE receiving a large stock of Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, which are offered as low as they can be bought in the market, at wholesale or retail.

Oct. 13. 35tf

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS.

THE undersigned continues to act as Attorney for drawing Pensions, payable at this Agency.

Claims for Pension, Bounty Land, or any other Military claim against the United States, secured.

The highest *cash price* paid for all Land Warrants for a *Northern concern*.

JNO. M. ROSE.

Fayetteville, Oct. 12, 1853. 35-3m

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

WE HAVE on hand a large amount of Lumber of different kinds—flooring, wide boards, weatherboards, scantling, laths, &c.; some of which is partly seasoned. Also, a large assortment of refuse; will sell refuse boards *at the mill* at $1 per M., scantling at $2 and good edged boards at $3. Sawed staves, seasoned. Bills filled at short notice.

JONES & BARBEE.

Greenwood, Cumberland, N. C., Aug. 4, 1853. [17t

REDUCED FARE.

Through Tickets between Wilmington, N. C., and Baltimore. Fare $13. Via Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, & Washington City, or via Weldon, Portsmouth and Norfolk.

For Tickets apply at the Office of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company at Wilmington, or at the Office of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, Pratt Street, Baltimore.

Jan. 1, 1852. 53-tf

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a copartnership under the name and style of Troy & Marsh, for the prosecution of a General Mercantile business. Location the same as formerly occupied by Messrs. H. L. Myrover & Co., foot of Hay Mount.

J. B. TROY, Jr.
J. F. MARSH.

May 23, 1853. 97tf

TO COOPERS.

WE would like to employ five or six more good Coopers to make Spirit Casks or Pine Bbls.

G. W. LAWRENCE & CO.

Mary's Garden, Sept. 1, 1853. 25*tf

LEATHER BANDS,

THOROUGHLY stretched, cemented, and riveted. The above Bands are sold 20 per cent. less than New York manufacturers' prices. Cash will be required in every instance. For sale by

W. H. LUTTERLOH.

Fayetteville, Nov. 16, 1852. 31tf

SADDLERS' AND COACH-MAKERS'

HARDWARE, &c.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,

No. 222 Baltimore St., Baltimore.

IMPORTERS and Dealers in Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, English Heads and Reins, Girth Webs, Stirrups, Hames, Bitts, &c. Springs, Axles of all kinds, Coach Lace, BENT FELLOES, Hubs, Spokes, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Patent Canvass, Carpeting, and every article connected with either branch of the business, which they are prepared to offer to punctual customers on as good terms as any other house in the United States.

Agents for the sale of Pope's Self Adjusting PADS and Spencer's GIG TREES.

Orders promptly attended to.

Address

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,
No. 222 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE

19Y]

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

LARGE No. 3, Mackerel
" Herring
Fresh Lime.
" Plaster Paris.
" Cement and Plastering Hair.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

July 22, 1853. 13-tf

A BARGAIN OFFERED.

AS the undersigned has determined to remove to the West, she offer for sale that commodious House, which she now occupies, in the village of Summerville, and all appurtenances thereunto belonging. Also, 126 acres of land at the mouth of Cross Creek, in the town of Fayetteville, a short distance above the Clarendon Bridge. Terms cash, or paper negotiable at either of the Banks in Fayetteville. Reference, as to the Cross Creek land, is made to James Banks, Esq., of Fayetteville.

E. BAILEY.

Summerville, N. C., June 6, 1853. 1tf

REMOVAL.

J. N. SMITH, Chemist and Druggist,

HAVING removed to the Store northwest corner of Market Square, recently occupied by P. Shemwell, now offers to his friends and the public generally a large and well selected stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Medicines and Perfumery, consisting in part of the following: Potash, White Lead, Venetian red, Spanish brown, copperas, alum, saltpetre, sal's soda, bi-carb soda, saleratus, madder, indigo, sulphur, epsom salts, yellow ochre, Blake's patent chrome yellow, umber, chrome green, Prus. blue, chalk, spices, pepper, nutmegs, cloves, starch, ginger, burnt Kensel powders, essences, mustard, logwood, inks, soaps, congress water, sal-ed-ud, window glass, putty, varnishes (all kind), linseed, tanners, castor and olive oil, alcohol, sulph. acid, burning fluid, camphene, paint, varnish, tooth, flesh, nail and white wash brushes, galvanic batteries, surgical, tooth and cupping instruments, American, French and English chemicals, patent medicines, &c., &c., all of which are of first rate quality, and will be sold at a small advance on cost.

Orders solicited from country Physicians, merchants, and others, who are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they may depend on procuring fresh and genuine articles. No pains will be spared to give satisfaction both in quality and price. The subscriber hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Medical prescriptions carefully and accurately prepared.

J. N. SMITH.

North-west corner Market Square.

Oct. 5, 1853. 1tf

New Fall Goods.

THE subscribers have just received and opened, at their Old Stand, a very large and handsome Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Embracing every style and quality Ladies Dress Goods. Also, all styles of Good for Gentlemen's wear. Fine Muleskin and other styles of Fashionable Dress Hats. Satin and Straw Bonnets, Boots and Shoes, etc.

We call particular attention to a splendid assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

Of the very best material and workmanship.

In our stock may be found all Goods suited to the season, at the very lowest market prices. All in want of Goods in our line will please give us a call.

E. L. & J. A. PEMBERTON.

Hay St., Fayetteville, Sept. 26. 30tf

FOR SALE.

250 BOXES Manufactured Tobacco. We have in store a large stock of Tobacco, and expect to receive, constantly from J. W. Reid and Thomas & Sons and other factories, an assortment of qualities to enable us to furnish purchasers any quality at lowest factory prices.

D. & W. McLAURIN

Sept. 1853. 30tf

J. W. BAKER

Is now receiving from the North the largest, finest, and most carefully selected stock of

FURNITURE

ever offered in this market; which, added to his own manufacture, makes his assortment complete,—all of which he will sell on the lowest possible terms for cash or on time to punctual customers.

Fine Rose Wood Pianos, (Bennet & Co's, of Broadway, New York,) fashionable painted cottage bed-room Furniture in sets; curled hair and shuck, and cotton Mattresses; Looking Glasses; Willow Wagons and Cradles; Patent Self-Swinging Cradles; Side Boards; Bureaus; Secretaries and Book Cases; What-Nots; Tables, all sorts; Wash Stands; Candle Stands; Wardrobes; Picture Frames and Glass; Window Shades; Cornices; Curtain Bands; Sofas in Mahogany and Walnut; Tete a Tetes; Ottomans; Divans and Stools; Chairs of every variety.

September, 1853. 30tf

ANDREWS'S

Tin Ware and Stove Depot.

ALWAYS on hand, Cooking, Box, and Parlour STOVES.

—ALSO—

A varied assortment of Tin Ware, at wholesale and retail. By

C. W. ANDREWS,
Market Square.

June 6, 1853. 200tf

Metalick Roofing and Guttering,

DONE in the best manner, at reduced prices, by

C. W. ANDREWS,
Market Square

June 6, 1853. 200tf

New Drug Store.

Foulkes & Mac Rae,

DRUGGISTS,

Corner of Hay and Donaldson Streets, directly East of the Fayetteville Hotel,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

ARE now receiving a large stock of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, directly from Importers and Manufacturers, which they will sell to Physicians and Country Merchants at a very small advance.

They will keep constantly on hand, of the best quality, every variety of articles in their line, having made arrangements to that effect with established houses in New York.

Their Stock having been very carefully selected, and purchased for Cash, will enable them to recommend confidently all their Drugs, and to sell them at very low rates.

They solicit a reasonable share of the patronage of the public.

April 22, 1853. 88tf

FOR SALE OR RENT,

THE fine SUMMER RESIDENCE now occupied by Mr. J. E. Bryan, two miles West of town. Possession given immediately. Apply to Mr. John H. Cook or C. E. Leete.

S. A. LEETE

March 16, 1853. 77tf

NEW STOCK OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving a large and well selected stock of GOODS, comprising a General Assortment of

DRY GOODS, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Saddelry &c., &c.

Which will be sold low for Cash, or exchanged for Turpentine and Country Produce.

He returns his warmest thanks to his old friends and customers for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

N. KING

Kingsbury, April 16, 1853. 86-tf

Livery Stables.

The undersigned continue to carry on the LIVERY BUSINESS at this place. They have lately largely increased their Stock and can now offer to the public as good Horses, Carriages and Drivers as can be found in the Southern country.

Thankful for the large patronage heretofore extended to us, we solicit a continuation of the public favor. We promise a satisfactory trip to all who may wish to travel.

Stables at the West end of Mumford street, where one of the Proprietors may always be found, or at the Store first door East of Mr. Lutterloh.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 22, 1853. 71Y

To the Freighting Public.

THE Brothers' Steam Boat Co. is now prepared with the following Boats:

Str. DOUGLASS,
Str. BROTHERS,
Tow Boat STEVENSTON,
" LEWIS,
ALFRED ELLIS,
JAS. CASSIDEY,
KINGSBURY, and
ELIZA McDANIEL,

to transport all Naval Stores, Produce and other Freight intrusted to their care, with as much despatch as any other line of Boats on the River. They are provided with suitable Wharf and Ware House accommodations to do a general business, and hope by strict attention to the interest of shippers, to meet a share of public patronage.

J. S. BANKS, Ag't,
Fayetteville
JNO. BANKS, Ag't
at Wilmington

Sept. 19, 1853. 29tf

J. S. BANKS,

Commission Merchant,

Fayetteviiie, N. C.

Sept. 19, 1853. 29tf

STEAMER HENRIETTA,

THROUGH from A. Wessell's wharf in Wilmington, to her old wharf in Fayetteville, with a sufficient number of Flats to accommodate those wishing to ship through or way freight.

R. M. ORRELL,
Agent at Fayetteville

Sept. 9, 1853. 27tf

THE STEAMER "SUN."

THIS new and very light draught Steamer has commenced running, though not quite finished. She is taking freight drawing only 12 inches water. She possesses superior advantages for low water service.—She has also a large amount of warehouse, shed and wharf room, where Naval Stores or other freight may be stored with safety.

R. M. ORRELL, Ag't

Sept. 10, 1853. 27tf

FREIGHTING ON CAPE FEAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the Steamers Evergreen and Southerner and Tow Boats, lately the property of the Henrietta Steamboat Company, are now prepared to forward with despatch, between Wilmington and Fayetteville, all freights or goods entrusted to them.

E. N. & J. H. ROBERTS

Fayetteville, Feb'y 14, 1853. 68tf

Notice to Merchants.

THROUGH BY DAY LIGHT.

THE swift and commodious Steamboat Alice, Capt. Sam'l Beery, will commence her regular semi-weekly trips between Fayetteville and Wilmington in a few days. Those who desire their goods with certainty and despatch will obtain them by shipping by her. Due notice of days and hours of departure from each place will be given. Goods consigned to J. R. Blossom, Agent, will be promptly and carefully forwarded, as usual.

August 1853. 83L 18tf

OFFICE OF THE CAPE FEAR AND DEEP RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STOCK FOR SALE.

THE Stock of the following persons in the C. F. & D. R. N. Company will be sold on Wednesday, the 16th of NOVEMBER next, at the Court House in Pittsborough, said subscribers having failed to pay their subscription to the original Capital Stock of said Company under the original Charter:—

J. H. Rothwell	1	Nicholas Marks	1
A. B. Rothwell	1	Thomas B. Long	2
W. O. Jeffreys	1	B. J. Hackney	2
John A. Cox	1	O. D. Petty	1
P. Giard	1	James D. Pullin	10
Andrew Vestal	1	John McKellar	1
C C Tully	1	G. W. Hight	1
O Andrews	1	James Brown	1
James Hutton	2	John W. Lane	1
A. N. Beth	1	George Wilcox	7
William Watson	5	John W. Hooker	5
William Smith	1	G. M. Brazier	5
James McGary	1	M. C. Gardner	5
E. B. Drake	1	John A. McDonald	2
W. F. Collins	5	J. M. Walker	1
E. Fooshee	1	W. H. Hughes	1
O. W. Lindley	1	Charles Bright	5

By order of the Board,

HENRY A. LONDON, Treasurer

Pittsboro', Sept. 7, 1853. 27-ts

EDWIN GLOVER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

HAS just returned from the North, with a much larger stock of Goods in his line than ever before offered by him in this place. Among his stock may be found—

WATCHES of all kinds and prices, from $8 to $185; Gold Chains, Seals and Keys; Breast Pins, Ear-rings, Finger-rings; a fine stock of Bracelets, Gold Lockets, Cuff Pins and Buttons; Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles; Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, Soup Ladles and Cups. Military Goods; Clocks; Plated Ware;

And almost every article usually kept in a Store of this kind, which he will sell cheap for cash, or on short time to those who pay when their bills are presented.

Watches Repaired, as usual.

August 17, 1853. 20-3m

I HAVE received and opened the largest Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c., I ever offered for sale, all of which I will sell as low as any house in this place. My friends and customers, and all in want of Goods, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. PETER P. JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, N. C., September 1853. 28tf

$25 REWARD.

I WILL pay the above reward for the apprehension and safe delivery to me, or lodgement in Jail, so that I get my negro girl JENNY, a likely girl, of light complexion, smiles when spoken to, about five feet six or seven inches high. Is supposed to be lurking about Faison's Depot, or Goshen.

WM. P. HOBE.

July 27. 15-tf

FISH! FISH!!

MACKEREL in half and whole Barrel. For Sale by PETER P. JOHNSON.

Feby 14 34tf

THE undersigned, having purchased Mr. Thos. Lutterloh's Distillery and Cooper shop, have entered into Copartnership, under the name of McLaurin & Strange, for the purpose of carrying on the Distillery of Turpentine, and the manufacture of Tar and Rosin.

D. McLAURIN
WM. McLAURIN
JAS. W. STRANGE.

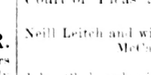
Feby 18, 1853. 39tf

THE highest cash price paid for Turpentine, Oak Staves, and Oak or Ashe Heading, by the subscriber, or Jas. W. Strange, who can always be found at the Distillery.

McLAURIN & STRANGE.

Feby 18, 1853. 39tf

DENTISTRY.



DR. F. E. CARR has returned from the North with a largely increased Stock of Teeth, Instruments, &c. Having obtained many eminent Dentists, he has perfect confidence in the superiority of Allen's Patent mode of inserting teeth with artificial gums. Full sets inserted on *atelia* after the extraction of the teeth, and remodeled after the gums have healed without additional charge. They can be worn without pain, and removed from the mouth by the wearer, and are cleaner and stronger than teeth inserted in any other way, and are warranted to give perfect satisfaction. All other operations performed in the most approved manner. Reference to individuals in this place now wearing teeth with this patent improvement.

Wilmington, Oct. 4, 1853. 37tf

Sale of Lots for Town Taxes.

AGREEABLY to an order passed by the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Cumberland, Sept. Term, 1853, I will expose to sale for cash, at the Court House in Fayetteville on the first Monday in December next, the following Lots, or so much thereof as will pay the taxes due the town of Fayetteville for 1852, together with all the incidental expenses, viz:

1 Lot, Mason street, listed by Jas. Barker, valued at $250, tax $1 25.

1 Lot, Lower Fayetteville, (1 poll) Needham Lawson, valued at $150, tax 1 75.

1 Lot, Rowan street, G. W. Rose, valued at $200, tax 2 00.

1 do., Maiden lane, Eliza Herdon, valued at $500, tax 2 50.

1 do., Hillsborough street, Hugh McLean, valued at $400, tax 2 00.

1 do., Person street, Dillon Jordan's children, valued at $750, tax 3 75.

1 do., Lower Fayetteville, Amos Perry, sad'r, valued at $175, tax 1 88.

1 do., Mumford street, Maria Rose, valued at $800, tax 4 00.

1 do., Hay street, Joseph Seawell, valued at $1200, tax 6 25.

2 do., Maxwell and Franklin streets, Joseph Seawell, valued at $425, tax 2 13.

1 do., Cumberland street, claimed by A. S. McN